

The Hartford Republican

Fine Quality Job Printing.

Devoted to The Interests of All The People of Ohio County.

Subscription \$1.50 per Year.

VOL. XXXIII

HARTFORD, OHIO COUNTY, KENTUCKY, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 22, 1920.

NUMBER 17

FALSEHOOD NAILED ON SHORT NOTICE

Democratic Candidate Misrepresents Facts In Speech Made At Madisonville

A deliberate misrepresentation of facts was made in a speech, as reported in a Madisonville Democratic newspaper on October 14, delivered by Senator J. C. W. Beckham, Democratic candidate for re-election.

According to this report, Beckham said:

"And I blush for the Republican party, whose leaders in purely partisan selfishness, withheld from the Republican platform, adopted at Chicago, any mention of the part American soldiers had in the victory over Germany and consequently recorded no words of commendation of their heroism and sacrifice."

This is an absolute untruth.

Here in plain black and white is the glowing tribute to our heroic American lads made in the Republican platform of 1920:

The Service Men.

We hold in imperishable remembrance the valor and the patriotism of the soldiers and sailors of America who fought in the great war for human liberty, and we pledge ourselves to discharge to the fullest the obligations which a grateful nation justly should fulfill, in appreciation of the services rendered by its defenders on sea and on land.

Republicans are not ungrateful. Throughout their history they have shown their gratitude toward the nation's defenders. Liberal legislation for the care of the disabled and infirm and their dependents has ever marked Republican policy toward the soldier and sailor of all the wars in which our country has participated. The present Congress has appropriated generously for the disabled of the World War.

The amounts already applied and authorized for the fiscal year 1920-21 for this purpose reaches the stupendous sum of \$1,180,571.893. This legislation is significant of the party's purpose in generously caring for the maimed and disabled men of the recent war.

This misrepresentation is nothing more or less than a last-hour effort to mislead those valiant young Kentucky boys who fought in the war and are going to vote in November, as well as their fathers, mothers, sisters and brothers, who have learned the truth about the Democratic party and its consistent failure to do the right thing by our fighting men.

K. OF P. CONVENTION TO BE HELD TONIGHT

The Knights of Pythias, of this district are to hold a convention tonight at their Castle Hall. The Grand Chancellor will be among the visitors and is expected to have something good for those present. First rank work will be conferred and an interesting meeting is expected. All members of the order are requested to be present.

LEAGUE DON'T FUNCTION.

The world is sick for peace—that is, the decent cultured world is sick for peace. And yet war continues to ravage its red way thru many lands. The Near East is a volcano. Russia, Lithuania, Poland, the Caucasus, Persia, Turkey—in all of these and many more lands the war horns blare, the guns roar, cities fall and are sacked, men and women and children die. Famine and starvation are reaping hideous harvests. The situation in Ireland is approximating that so long prevalent in Mexico. Mandates conferred by the authority of the Council of the League of Nations are imposed and enforced only thru the agency of war with all its accursed incidents.

If the League of Nations was created to prevent war, if it was set up to become the clearing house for international justice, why in the name of all the gods of pity and friends of mercy does it not function effectively now? Twenty-four nations are members of the league. But what has it done to conserve or exalt international justice? What has it done to prevent any war? Where the substantial achievement in this respect of this super-institution which has assumed to take over the world, the

power and attributes of the Almighty.

So far as may be determined by a study of league purposes and methods, it is incapable of stopping hostilities anywhere. The council seems to be little more than a society for academic discussion.

War rages, but the League of Nations does not function. To say this is not partisan presumption, but the proclamation of indisputable facts. What the league might do is a too tenuous speculation to which to anchor hope.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

MRS. BARRETT ENTERTAINS

The Ladies' Social Club met with Mrs. Lyman G. Barrett at her home on Walnut Street, last Friday afternoon in a very pleasant meeting. At the conclusion of a number of games of progressive rook a delicious luncheon was served by the Hostess. In addition to the Club Members the following guests were present to enjoy the occasion:

Mesdames Henderson Murphree, L. S. Iggleheart, Miss Lelia Glenn and Miss Bonner Barrett, the latter of Barrett's Ferry.

LABORERS LEAVE MEXICO FOR U. S.

Higher Wages Paid in This Country Is Causing Steady Flow Across Border.

Mexico City, Mexico, Oct. 16—Mexico is beginning to feel the effect of the heavy flow of labor from this country to the United States, and ways are being discussed to keep the Mexican workmen at home. Those who go to the United States are the best of the laborers, vigorous, enterprising men, who are able to earn and save enough for the journey. Those who remain behind are chiefly of the lazy, shiftless class—men who are not looked upon as prizes by employers.

The great reason for the rush to the United States is that the Mexicans are better paid there. Men who have worked in the Mexican oil fields, where laborers get three and a half pesos, or \$1.75 in American money, cross the border into Texas, where many of them get as high as \$5 a day, or ten pesos, in the American oil fields. Those who work on railroads and ranches get much better pay than they could obtain in the part of Mexico where the highest wages are paid—the oil fields. Outside of the Tampico district, Mexican laborers get much less than \$1.75 a day. In some sections men are glad to work for one and two pesos a day.

The "high wages" in the oil fields have caused Mexican laborers to go there from all parts of the country but as the Tampico section is very unhealthy many become sick and are forced to leave.

Another cause of the rush across the border is the unsettled condition of Mexico. Many Carranzistas dreading mistreatment, have thought it best to go to the United States.

OSCAR NEEL JARNAGIN.

On Wednesday, October 13, little Oscar Neel, 13-months old baby of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Jarnagin, fell asleep in Jesus. Neel was sick most of his life, but was a noble child and bore it all with patience. He was a favorite of the family and loved by all who knew him. All were anxious that he might be spared, but God in his infinite wisdom knew best when to take him.

Rev. R. B. Neel, for whom he was named, preached the funeral, from 12th chapter 2nd Samuel, after which he was laid to rest in the Green River Cemetery. The floral offerings were beautiful.

REVIVAL SERVICES

The Public is cordially invited to hear Rev. E. Raymond Couch, "The Blue Mountain Evangelist" at the Hartford Baptist church, Sunday Oct. 24th.

T. T. Martin says of him, "I know of no more effective preacher and singer among the young men of America, than Raymond Couch."

Bro. Couch will sing and preach for us till Nov. 30th, when Bro. E. A. Petroff the great Bulgarian singer and Evangelist T. T. Marin, will arrive and continue the services.

League Covenant and Reservations.

Article X of the Covenant of the League of Nations as submitted, being so strongly contested, for and against, by the two leading political parties, the one maintaining that it is the heart of the whole treaty, and the other, the Republican Party, declaring that it would involve the United States in all the world's differences and cause endless trouble and annoyance, together with expense and bloodshed upon the part of America, we herewith reproduce that Article, together with others, and, at the same time give the substitutions for, or reservations thereto, as proposed and adopted by the United States Senate and championed by the Republican Party.

Article 1.

Any member of the League may, after two years' notice of its intention so to do, withdraw from the League, provided that all its international obligations and all its obligations under this Covenant shall have been fulfilled at the time of its withdrawal.

(As a matter of course by the terms of the League, its Members would be the sole judges as to whether the Nation attempting to withdraw had fulfilled all its obligations, both National and international.)

Article 10.

The Members of the League undertake to respect and preserve as against external aggression the territorial integrity and existing political independence of all Members of the League. In case of such aggression or in case of any threat or danger of such aggression the Council shall advise upon the means by which this obligation shall be fulfilled.

The above Article is tolerably plain. The word "shall" and not "may" is freely used. Should it decide upon a war to protect territorial boundaries and the political status of any Nation as now existing, the League Council is to advise, which means in this case, decide, as to what shall be done. As a law-abiding Nation it would be our duty to obey, just as we obey what the Supreme Court advises and decides is the law.

Article 23—Section (c).

Members of the League will intrust the League with the general supervision over the execution of agreements with regard to the traffic in women and children, and the traffic in opium and other dangerous drugs.

The major portion of Article 23, composed of six sections relates to domestic questions, that is, questions almost if not entirely, having to do with matters affecting each individual Nation, internally, which would be turned over to the League Council or Assembly for handling should the original draft be approved.

The foregoing constitute only a few of the 15 reservations adopted by the Senate to the League, many of the others being equally as important, perhaps some of them more so, and we urge every reader to carefully weigh these few articles together with the exceptions or reservations, then decide which you deem to be the better for the United States. Take, for instance, the section wherein the Covenant acknowledges the legality of any sort of traffic in women and children, to us a most shameful thing to do under any sort of circumstances. The reservation therefore would leave the question within the United States entirely in her own hands and substitutes SUPPRESSION for SUPERVISION. Which do you approve?

MRS. J. P. HASWELL HAS GOOD HEARING

Mrs. John P. Haswell brought her week's tour of the County to a close last Saturday afternoon at Fordsville, in one of the best meetings of the week. Mrs. Haswell was introduced by Mrs. S. O. Keown, of Hartford, in a few but appropriate words.

The Fordsville Court room was used for the speaking but was entirely too small to accommodate more than a small per cent of those who wished or endeavored to hear the lady. Mrs. Haswell, as elsewhere throughout the County, made a splendid speech. Her discussion of the League of Nations and other issues of vital interest was most convincing and equal to the best delivered in the County during the whole campaign.

COURT HOUSE WEDDING

Mr. Guffy Whittier and Miss Bessie Dodge, of Fordsville, came to town last Saturday, procured a marriage license and were joined in marriage in the office of the County Judge. Mr. Joy Patterson of Centertown, and Miss Jonnie Downing, of Simmons, were also united in wedlock the same place Monday the 18th. Judge Mack Cook officiated in both ceremonies.

closest to his heart.

The other night he spoke here in Louisville. He was again an advocate, as indeed it is his natural bent to be. But he held a brief for the other side. He was eloquent in rebuttal of himself. When shall we hold him to have been sincere, when we spoke as an Irishman for Ireland or contrariwise?

But there was more, a great deal more. Asked if in his opinion that Wilson's treaty would be helpful to the Irish, he replied that no nation had ever achieved its independence with the consent of the dominant power or by the "naked," unaided action of its own people. "Every successful revolution of which I have any knowledge," he said, "was effected thru outside support." And he instanced the American colonies and Cuba and Greece. To assent to the treaty and covenant, as presented by the President, was, to his way of thinking, not to close one avenue, but to close the only avenue thru which escape might be effected.

There was much more of a fervor and a bitterness it would not be easy to duplicate, of a power and a cogency as well, and finally Mr. Cockran closed as follows:

Peace must be established in Ireland before it can be made, permanent throughout the world. Peace can not be established by England in Ireland. Eight centuries of history prove that. The Irish people, who have resisted foreign dominion for nine centuries will not submit to it, even though an attempt to force it upon them were made by a thousand Leagues of Nations.

The League of Nations here proposed is an abomination, an attempt to use the conscience of Christendom to sanctify and perpetuate wrongs which morality and justice condemn.

As it seems to us, the speaker answers himself with a sufficient completeness. No additional word of ours is required.

N. D. FULKERSON

Mr. N. D. Fulkerson died at his home near Equality, late Monday evening after a protracted illness of a complication of ailments. Funeral services were conducted by Rev. R. E. Fuqua, at Equality, after which the body was given Masonic burial, of which order the deceased was an honored member. Mr. Fulkerson was in his sixty-fourth year, was a member of the Smallhous Baptist Church of which he was an officer at the time of his demise.

SPLENDID SHOWING FOR HORSE BRANCH SCHOOL

Mr. W. H. Collins, of the Kentucky Children's Home Society, recently visited the Horse Branch School, being taught by Mrs. Mary White and Mrs. Pearl Pergerson, for the purpose of inducing the school to make a contribution of \$37.00 for use of the Home. These two teachers put on an entertainment later, as suggested, which netted the neat sum of \$75.00, all of which has been forwarded to the Home officials.

DUKEHURST.

Mr. Smith Payne and Mrs. Andrew Payne went to Calhoun one day last week.

Ray Wimsatt of Chicago, was here last week, visiting relatives.

Mr. Fred Patton, of Ricketts, is here this week, visiting relatives and attending the protracted meeting.

Miss Elizabeth Morris, of Livermore, is visiting relatives and friends here.

Mr. W. F. Cornell and son, of Glasgow, are here for a visit with their family.

Mrs. Kit Berry and children, of Kansas, and Miss Ethel Hines, of Earlinton, are visiting Mr. A. J. Hines and family.

Mrs. M. A. Combs, James Smith, and two children of Romney Helton, are on the sick list.

Miss Sudye Allen, of Hartford, spent Tuesday night here, with Miss Myrtle Payne.

CARD OF THANKS.

We take this method of thanking the folks who were so kind to us during the long illness and death of our dear baby, Neel. May God's richest blessings be upon each of them.

J. J. JARNAGIN and FAMILY

JUDGE C. B. SEYMOUR WILL BACK HARDING.

Dean of Kentucky Bar Opposed To League Unless Reservations Are Adopted.

(Louisville Herald.)

Judge Charles B. Seymour, one of the leading members of the Kentucky bar and a lifelong Democrat, announced last night that he will vote for Warren G. Harding for President in the November election.

In making this announcement Judge Seymour gave out a statement over his signature in which he declared that he could not approve the League of Nations covenant without the reservations proposed by the Republican party.

Judge Seymour, for many years dean of the Louisville Law School, is known as one of Kentucky's old-line Democrats. He has always been recognized as one of the ablest men of the party.

It has been known for some weeks to close friends of Judge Seymour that he is not in sympathy with the candidacy of Governor Cox or with the organization behind him. He takes the stand that reservations must be incorporated in the covenant, and that merely interpretive reservations would be of no avail. "The Lodge reservations," he declares, "seem to me indispensable."

Judge Seymour's signed statement follows:

"A League of Nations to prevent war and to limit armaments will be of the greatest value to the world if it shall be entered into without impairing the sovereignty of the United States. That sovereignty must in no event be impaired.

"Interpretive reservations would be of no avail. There must be reservations incorporated in the covenant. The Lodge reservations seem to me indispensable—every one of them. I do not see any reason why patriotic Americans should object to any one of those reservations. I favor with all my soul the League of Nations with those reservations; I could not approve it without those reservations or their equivalent."

"A refusal to enter into the treaty without these reservations is not a refusal to become a member of the League of Nations. President Wilson is unwilling to submit to the nations of Europe the treaty with those reservations; but when his successor—whether he be James M. Cox or Warren Gamaliel Harding—shall submit to the nations of Europe for their approval that treaty with the Lodge reservations, it seems clear that the treaty will be accepted and that we will have an effective League of Nations; the peace of the world will be promoted and the sovereignty and the safety of the United States will be in no wise impaired or imperiled."

"C. B. SEYMOUR."

LADIES' SOCIAL CLUB WITH MRS. BELLE COOPER

Mrs. N. Belle Cooper entertained the Ladies' Social Club at her home on Union Street, Wednesday afternoon in an enjoyable meeting to all present. After playing several games of progressive rook delightful refreshments were served.

Those present besides the club members were: Misses Mattie Sandefur, Zella Mac Nall, Winnie D. Simmerman, Mesdames J. B. Tappan and Ira D. Bean.

CROMWELL.

Mrs. Jno. P. Haswell, of Hardinburg, Ky., delivered a splendid address to a very large audience at the school building, on Thursday evening of the 14th, upon the issues of the day and urging the women to vote. Her talk was enjoyed by all present. Congressman Burton E. Sweet, of Iowa, spoke here last Friday evening, discussing the Wilson Administration. A good crowd heard him.

M. H. Thatcher, ex-Governor, of Panama Canal, will speak here in the school building, Monday evening, Oct. 25th. Everybody should hear him.

Rev. Birch Shields left yesterday to begin a revival meeting at Concord church.

Mr. and Mrs. John King, who have been visiting old friends, returned to their home in Beaver Dam, Sunday.

Miss Lena Wallace, who is attending school at Beaver Dam, spent last week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Wallace.

Mr. Clyde Cardwell, of Payton, Iowa, is visiting relatives here.

WHY SOLDIERS ARE OPPOSED TO LEAGUE

Impossible to Arouse Proper
Spirit to Face Death for For-
eign Countries.

The following is the third of
these articles by Capt. "Eddie"
Rickenbacker on "Why Soldiers Are
Against the League of Nations."
Capt. Rickenbacker was the ace of
aces in American aviation on the
front in France. His acquaintance
among the soldiers of the late war
is nationwide. When he speaks for
them, he speaks what he knows.

By CAPT. EDDIE RICKENBACKER.
Chapter 3.

It is a solemn thing to go out to kill
or to be killed. Most men do not like
to go. They go because duty forces
them to. Their sense of duty to their
country is stronger than their sense of
self-preservation. They face death be-
cause they ought to protect what they
have at home.

That is what makes spirit in an
army. The West Pointer calls it mo-
tive. Without this fighting spirit a
soldier is not worth much, and an army
is no army at all. Every soldier knows
this. And so he asks:

"How are you going to get the pro-
per fighting spirit into American troops
under article 10, they will be
called to fight for Poland against Rus-
sia, or for Roumania against Bulgaria,
or for Greece against Turkey?"

What is there to nerve a man against
death in the thought that by his death
he will help one of these foreign coun-
tries retain a territory as big as Long
Island and prevent another country
from getting it? Will that thought con-
sole him when his mind turns to the
mother or wife in America? Is there
any inspiration in it? Does a man die
naturally for anything so foreign and so
remote?

The soldier who has stood by the
charred flesh and bones of a comrade
knows there is no spirit or consolation
in any of these things. He knows that
men cannot fly willingly into the face
of death for any such causes.

The whole thing is impossible. To a
soldier of the line it is simply un-
imaginable. To him all the talk about
making the world safe for democracy
and fighting boundary wars all around
the globe means just nothing at all.
Men might as well tell him to die for
the blue sky as to die for boundary
lines everywhere and for democracy
in general.

I have never seen a soldier or an
army that could get the fighting spirit
for such a cause as that. Neither has
any other American soldier. An Amer-
ican army that had no other inspira-
tion would be an army without spirit,
without morale; it would be no army
at all. Why any soldier to imagine
an fighting American army under these
conditions.

In August, 1918, 16 American avia-
tors were lined up at Claremont,
Mass., to go to the front. They shook
hands with everybody and said "good-
bye." An engineer officer asked the
captain in charge of the aviation
group: "Why all this gloom?" The
captain was: "Well, those American
machines have no protection; as soon as
a bullet hits that gasoline tank it is
detonated; it will take fire immediately
and the men have no chance to get
away." A month later the engineer
captain met the captain and asked if
these men came back. "They never
came back," was the simple answer.
They never came back!

Do men do these things as they go
to breakfast or board a street car?
Do they do these things for political
ideals or for general principles or
for a miserable piece of land that
some foreigner covets and some other
foreigner will not give up?

Can you expect any soldier, who has
seen men do what those 16 did, to be
for the League of Nations? Can you
imagine his wishing such sacrifices to
be made on the orders of a foreign
country? Can you picture to yourself
an American army sent overseas by
the American people to enact such
moralities? Or, if sent, can you think
it possible to inspire an army to brave
such hollow pretenses?

It cannot. No soldier can. That is
why the soldier is against the League
of Nations.

If your child starts in its sleep,
grinds its teeth while sleeping, picks
at the nose, has a bad breath, fickle
appetite, pale complexion, and dark
ringes under the eyes; it has worms;
and as long as they remain in the in-
testines, that child will be sickly.
White's Cream Vermifuge clears out
the worms, strengthens the stomach
and bowels and puts the little one on
the road to health and cheerfulness.
Price 36c per bottle. Sold by Ohio
County Drug Co.

Bank Resources

Break Records

Washington, Oct. 15.—John Skel-
ton Williams, Controller of the Cur-
rency has announced, on the basis of
the compilation of the reports of all
banks of the country, that the total
resources of national banks, State banks,
savings banks, trust companies and
sweeping trust companies is \$53,079,-
13,000, not including Federal Re-
serve Banks. Mr. Williams declared
that the resources of all the banks
of the United States "break all rec-
ords anywhere, exceeding the com-
bined bank assets of all other leading
fored by this remedy."

nations of the world."

The compilation of the reports of
all banks other than national in all
of the forty-eight States of the Union
and the island possessions and Alaska
as of June 30, 1920, has not been
finally completed, but preliminary
figures are given which are subject to
revision. These figures include the
reports of the State banks and trust
companies, savings banks mutual and
stock, and report of private bank.

The total resources of all the bank-
ing institutions under State super-
vision as reported June 30, 1920,
amounted to \$29,667,855,000, an in-
crease for the year of \$3,287,326,000.
The total deposits other than bank
deposits were reported at \$23,694,-
372,000, an increase for the year of
\$2,855,825,000. The amount due to
banks and bankers was reported at
\$864,282,000 a reduction for the
year of \$41,217,000. Loans and dis-
counts and overdrafts June 30, 1920
amounted to \$17,263,976,000, an in-
crease for the year of \$3,202,098,000.
Investments were reported June 30,
1920 at \$7,201,060,000, an increase
for the year of \$23,455,000. The cash
in vaults reported by the State
banks savings banks, trust companies
and private banks June 30, 1920 was
\$626,027,000 an increase during the
year of \$53,129,000. The amount due
from other banks June 30, 1920 was
\$2,712,040,000 a reduction over June
30, 1919 of \$75,911,000.

The proportion of loans and dis-
counts to total resources June 30,
1920, was 57.8 and on June 30, 1919
was 53 per cent. The total of notes
and bills rediscounted and bills pay-
able June 30, 1920, was \$1,078,792,-
000 an increase during the year of
\$263,070,000. Other liabilities June
30, 1920 were reported at \$698,501,-
000 a decrease since June 30, 1919
of \$150,058,000.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured
With LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they
cannot reach the seat of the disease.
Catarrh is a local disease, greatly in-
creased by constitutional conditions
in order to cure it you must take an
internal remedy. Hall's Catarrh Medi-
cine is taken internally and acts thru
the blood on the mucous surfaces of the
system. Hall's Catarrh Medicine was
prescribed by some of the best physicians
in the country for years. It is com-
posed of some of the best tonics known,
combined with some of the best blood
purifiers. The perfect combination
of ingredients in Hall's Catarrh Medi-
cine is a medicine which wonderful
results in catarrhal conditions. Send for
testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Proprs., Toledo, O.
All Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Wilson Acts in
Wheat Price Drop

Washington, Oct. 16.—President
Wilson has requested Governor Allen
of Kansas to forward to the Federal
Trade Commission any information
he has tending to indicate that the
recent decline in wheat prices was
due to unfair practices or competi-
tion or to other artificial causes.

A letter to this effect sent today
by Secretary Tumulty was in answer
to many appeals for Government ac-
tion looking to an embargo on Cana-
dian wheat. These were referred
sometime ago to the commission and
the Department of Agriculture. Mr.
Tumulty's letter to Governor Allen
said:

"The President has received your
telegram of October 6 with reference
to the wheat situation and has re-
ceived a number of others of similar
tenor. He fully recognizes the im-
portance of the questions you raise
and he has therefore, requested the
Federal Trade Commission and the
Department of Agriculture to look in-
to the matter at the earliest possible
moment with a view to determine
what, if anything, can properly be
done. In the meantime he will ap-
preciate it if you will be good enough
to forward to the Federal Trade
Commission any information in your
possession which in your opinion
tends to indicate that the recent de-
cline in wheat prices is due to unfair
practices or competition, or to other
artificial causes."

JOKE" NO JOKE

"Mr. and Mrs." F. M. Wartenberg,
of Huntington, W. Va., are no doubt
aware by this time that it is harder
to untie a knot than it is to tie it,
even though it be a marriage knot
tied in a joke. The couple declare
that they parted at the altar. The
supreme court decided that although
the marriage ceremony was legally
performed there had been a previous
agreement that it would not be bind-
ing and that it was no policy to make
such marriages stand. The case was
remanded back to the local court for
trial on its merits. The moral is that
jokers had better not joke about
matters as sacred as getting married.

An Agreeable Surprise.

"About three years ago when I was
suffering from a severe cold on my
lungs and coughed most of the time
night and day, I tried a bottle of
Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and
was surprised at the promptness with
which it gave me relief," writes Mrs.
James Brown, Clark Mills, N. Y. Ma-
nny another has been surprised and
pleased with the prompt relief af-
forded by this remedy."

MUST FIGHT OR BREAK OUR WORD

Preparation for War Necessary
If We Join League of Nations,
Declares American "Ace."

The following is the second of
four articles by Capt. "Eddie"
Rickenbacker on "Why Soldiers Are
Against the League of Nations."
Capt. Rickenbacker was the ace of
aces in American aviation on the
front in France. His acquaintance
among the soldiers of the late war
is nationwide. When he speaks for
them, he speaks what he knows.

By CAPT. EDDIE RICKENBACKER.

Chapter 2.

If article 10 means what it says, it
means war—more war than the United
States ever had before. If we pledge
ourselves to preserve "against exter-
nal aggression" every other member of
the league we have got to fight or
break our word.

If we are going to fight, we must get
ready to fight. That means a great
deal. Only a man who was in the war
knows how much. We can't contract
for a lot of war by signing article 10
and then not prepare for it.

The United States has fine fighting
men; none finer. Every soldier who
was in France knows this. And when
they got into the war these men were
warlike enough. But they never felt
that war was a regular business with
them. As the people in Europe under-
stand it, they were not military profes-
sionals. And the American people are
not professionals. They are a fighting
people, when called out, but in peace
they refuse to be military.

We went into the war unprepared,
and were protected by our allies while
we made preparation. We were in the
war 19 months and we came out still
unprepared. Yet we spent \$20,000,000.
00.

We had only 196 airplanes at the
front in France at the end of the war,
and not one of them was a fighting
plane. Yet we spent more than a bil-
lion dollars for aircraft. The soldier
of the air knows that.

We did not make our own gas
though we tried. We did not use our
own grenades. We did not have our
own liquid fire; we did not have any
American tanks. The soldier of the
line knows that; and he knows the
thousands of lives these failures cost
us.

We cannot afford to go into another
war thus unprepared. It would cost
too many lives and too much money,
if we contract for wars all over the
world we have got to prepare or suf-
fer awful losses.

A soldier who was in Europe during
the war realizes what a burden a pol-
icy of militarism would put on the
American people. He understands how
terrible would be the losses, under arti-
cle 10, if a policy of military prepara-
tion were not adopted.

The soldier is against bringing Euro-
pean militarism to America and he is
against sacrificing American flesh and
blood in conflicts for which we are not
prepared. If we go into the League of
Nations we would have to choose
preparation or punishment. He knows it.
That is why he does not want this
country to go in under article 10. That
is why he is against the League of Nations.

All you who have torpid liver, weak
digestion or constipated bowels look
out for chills. The season is here
and the air is full of the disease germ.
The best thing to do is to get your
liver in good condition and purify
the stomach and bowels. HERBINE
is the right remedy, it answers the
purpose completely. Price 60c. Sold
by Ohio County Drug Co.

**KENTUCKY CAN GROW MORE
WHEAT THAN EVER**

According to Government reports
the 1920 wheat crop in Kentucky
was only about half as large as either
the 1918 or 1919 crop, but this
fact should not discourage farmers in
the growing of wheat. If we apply
ourselves to proper agricultural meth-
ods, Kentucky will grow as much or
more wheat than ever.

No doubt, some people think that
Kentucky should go out of the wheat
growing business but we might as
well say that Kentucky should quit

growing tobacco. Kentucky always will and always
should grow tobacco. Kentucky al-
ways will and always should grow
winter wheat. It will be a mistake
to think of cutting out either crop be-
cause both play an important part in
the agricultural prosperity of the
state.

Undoubtedly the season had much
to do with the reduced yield of
wheat this year. Possibly it was
more to blame than the soil, but it
must be admitted that wheat grow-
ing has been much neglected of late.

During the war the abnormal de-
mand for tobacco sent up the price
and kept it up and it was natural that
we should grow as much tobacco as
possible. On thousands of farms
the best ground was planted to tobacco
and wheat was planted on the
poorer ground and given only second-
ary attention.

But now the war is over and the
relative difference between the

Fordson

TRADE MARK

Farm Tractor

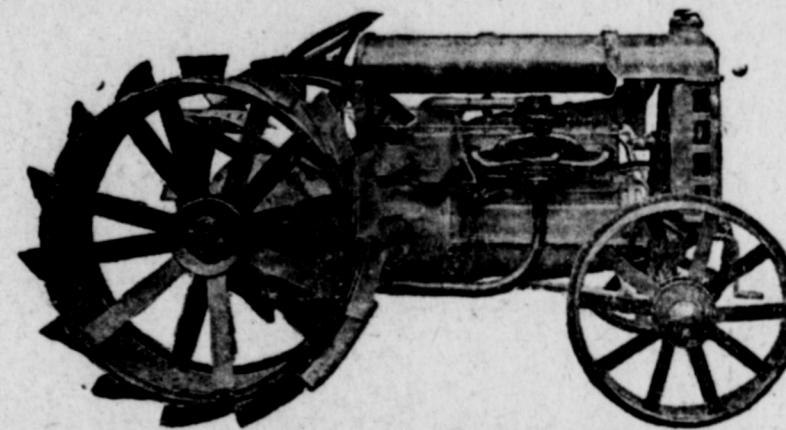
More than 100,000 Fordson tractors have been sold to
farmers in the United States. They are helping those
farmers do more and better work in less time and at less
cost. North, East, South, West—everywhere the Fordson
has proven itself a money-maker and a real necessity
to the farmer. Besides it is helping mightily to solve the
labor problem.

These one hundred thousand and more practical farm-
ers have affirmed the economy—the exceptionally low fuel
and operating cost—of the Fordson; its time and labor-
saving qualities and its ability to increase production. The
Fordson was built to be the most economical tractor; it is
compact and devoid of excessive weight. And it is built
of the same strong iron and steel as is the Ford car.

Winter or bad weather does not hinder the Fordson's
usefulness. Day or night—twenty-four hours a day if
you choose—you can utilize the Fordson.

Only so many Fordsons are allotted this territory. Or-
ders are being filled in sequence—first come first served.
Let us have yours now.

There's a practical use for the Fordson every day of
the year. Let's tell you. Come in and have a tractor
talk. Give us the chance to make a demonstration on
your own farm.



BEAVER DAM AUTO COMPANY
BEAVER DAM, KY.

PAIR DEVORCED EVERY 10 MINUTES IN BOSTON

Boston, Oct. 16.—An avalanche of
divorce petitions breaking all re-
cords of Suffolk County and neces-
sitating two sessions of the divorce
court, promises to add nearly 50 per
cent to the divorce rate here this
year.

At the twin sessions of the di-
vorce court, cases are now being
handled as frequently as one every
ten minutes.

The number of divorces in 1920 is
already close to the figure for
the whole of 1919, which was the record
for this county and for Massachu-
setts.

The general cause of multiplying
marital troubles, according to county
officials, is the unrest resulting from
the war.

Behind the unrest, many observ-
ers believe, is not the war, but the
lack of proper housing facilities in-
cident to the war period.

A valuable dressing for flesh
wounds, burns, scalds, old sores, rash,
chafed skin, is Ballard's Snow Lin-
iment, it is both healing and antiseptic.
Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per
bottle. Sold by Ohio County Drug
Company.

TENNESSEE ON TRIAL TRIP

New York, Oct. 15.—The super-
dreadnought, Tennessee, which was
launched three months ago, has been
fitted complete for sea service and
left the New York yard today on her
trial trip.

The Tennessee was in command of
Capt. R. H. Leigh and carried 1,450
men and officers, the majority of
whom were native Tennesseans.

When the big battleship, which is
equipped with twelve fourteen-inch
guns, is ready for line duty she will
join the eighth battle division at San
Francisco, it was announced.

FASTS 40 DAYS

Mrs. J. M. Lane, of Oregon, under-
went a 40-day fast to conquer stom-
ach trouble from which she suffered
for many years. Her only nour-
ishment was orange and lemon juice
and water. Though she lost 25
pounds Mrs. Lane was not confined
to her bed. Her first food at the
end of the fast was a little soup. The

longest authenticated fasting record
known is 45 days, made by Nucci in
New York in 1

LEAGUE MEANS MORE GRIEF FOR MOTHERS

No Consolation to American Motherhood When Sons Fight in Foreign Quarrels.

The following is the last of four articles by Capt. "Eddie" Rickenbacker on "Why Soldiers Are Against the League of Nations." Capt. Rickenbacker was the ace of aces in American aviation on the front in France. His acquaintance among the soldiers of the late war is nationwide. When he speaks of them, he speaks what he knows.

By CAPT. 'EDDIE' RICKENBACKER

Chapter 4.

An American soldier of the line does not talk much about his mother. Something holds him back. But he thinks about her.

When ordered to the front he writes last to her. When letters come from home he looks first for hers. When he returns from war, hers is the first face he sees.

If in battle he faces death, it is her features that flash upon him. If he has time to remember his home it is her form that means home to him. This, I believe, is true of ninety soldiers in a hundred.

No man feels more deeply than the American soldier what war means to American mothers—especially a foreign war. So one of the first thoughts that come to a soldier after reading the league covenant is this: Is it right to expose the mothers of America to all the grief of war, just to help a foreign nation settle a boundary quarrel or win a political dispute?

The one consolation of the American mother, when her son said good-bye, was that he wore the uniform of his country and marched away under the flag of the United States. He went because the government of his country called him. He would fight to uphold the honor of the United States. He would risk his life to protect his country and his people. He would risk his life to punish the enemies of his country.

This pride in their sons' American spirit and American loyalty carried a million American mothers through the anguish of sleepless nights. It was what brought them through the torture of the days when American young men were dying by thousands and no news came to tell who still lived and who had gone.

Now just imagine a war which had not even this comfort for a mother's heart! Could anything be sadder? Think of the mother whose son would be sent to Asia to protect the Mesopotamian oil fields from Russia, or help France rivet the bonds on Syria! Or to get a piece of Turkey for Greece! Or to turn some nasty little territorial trick for a people we have never seen and a cause nobody could understand!

Are the mothers of America to be crucified for foreign quarrels that never end? Can an American imagine a more needless outrage to be imposed on American womanhood? Can a soldier think of a more painful sacrifice, this side of death?

I know that some men, who have not felt death facing them in front and anguish waiting on them at home, have said much about fighting for mankind. An American statesman has even said: "These men gave their lives to secure the freedom of mankind." But no soldier can accept that. If the statesman had been a soldier, he would not have said it. Why? Because he would not have felt it.

The soldier of the United States fought for the United States. He had no like or dislike for mankind in general. He thought only of his own country. That was his main pride and consolation; for his mother, that was the sole pride and consolation. And for the mothers of America, if not for themselves, American soldiers would resent any scheme of world politics which in the days of war trial and war misery, would take away this last vestige of comfort and leave nothing but a killing anxiety behind.

No soldier can be for a covenant that is so cruel to her whom he loves best.

When the chest feels on fire and the throat burns, you have indigestion, and you need HERBINE to get rid of the disagreeable feeling. It drives out badly digested food, strengthens the stomach and purifies the bowels. Price 60c. Sold by the Ohio County Drug Co.

NEW YORK STATE CENSUS COMPLETE

The "Empire" state is indeed an empire in itself; it has more population than many foreign countries, and the census figures which are just reported show that it has not stopped growing. The total for New York state is 10,384,144, a growth of almost 14 per cent in 10 years. Nearly two-thirds of the whole growth of the state is in New York city—the revised figures for which show a population of 5,620,049, a gain of 18 per cent. This total does not include the neighboring cities of New Jersey and other suburban sections which are really a part of the metropolis. New York is now decidedly the biggest city in the world, having permanently surpassed London.

Texas also is a nation by itself; it

In-Bad the Sailor



Copyright, 1920, by Star Company.

"LOOKED BAD FOR ME" HE DECLARIES

Kept Growing Worse Until He Almost Gave Up— Tanlac Restored His Health

"I thought I would have to quit my job but two bottles of Tanlac have put me back in as fine health as I could want to be in," said John J. Block, 1105 Dumesnil street, Louisville, Ky.

"My troubles started about a year ago and I went down hill until it was all I could do to hold out at work till night. My stomach was in an awful shape and I never wanted to eat anything hardly, for everything disagreed with me. I had rheumatism from the small of my back to my knees and I couldn't sleep well. I felt tired from morning till night and many a time thought I was going to give out."

"Finally I decided to try Tanlac and while I have been taking it only about three weeks it has built me up more than I ever thought any medicine could. My appetite can't be beat I relish everything I eat and never suffer after eating. I don't feel a trace of rheumatism, I sleep sound every night and get up of mornings feeling fine. I'm as good a man physically as I ever was and never miss a day from work."

Tanlac is sold in Hartford by Dr. L. B. Bean; in Beaver Dam by R. T. Taylor, Jr.; and in McHenry by S. J. Tichenor.—Advertisement.

\$1.00 A DOZEN FOR EGGS

Surgeons agree that in cases of Cuts, Bruises and Wounds the First Treatment is most important. When an efficient antiseptic is applied promptly, there is no danger of infection and the wound begins to heal at once. For use on man or beast, Borozene is the Ideal Antiseptic and Healing Agent. Buy it now and be ready for an emergency. Price 25c, 50c, \$1.00 and \$1.50. Sold by Ohio County Drug Co.

YOUR WATCH A POWER PLANT

Really Enormous Amount of Energy Is Concentrated in That Luminous Radium Dial.

If you own a radium-dialled watch with luminous figures and hands, then you are the possessor of a vast power plant of no mean proportions, says the Electrical Experimenter. There is sufficient radium on your watch dial to haul your train homeward, if it could be properly applied.

Farmers should make every possible effort to give their farm flock suitable housing conditions so as to reap some of the benefits of these high prices. All windows in the houses should be repaired and the windows washed so as to make the house light and cheery for the chickens during the winter when they are confined indoors. Bring the pullets in and get them accustomed to the house before they start their fall laying season. Clean up thoroughly and disinfect the house with some well-known disinfectant or spray the house with white-wash. If there is a dirt floor, the dirt should be changed and every possible condition should be brought about to make the poultry house sanitary and then with proper feeding the farmers should get eggs during the winter months.

Now, if we could but find a way to make the radium release all its energy in a few hours, instead of spreading it over 2,500 years, it would not be difficult to make a motor that would utilize this energy.

Daddy's Status.

Barbara and Helen were spending Christmas day thoroughly enjoying the gifts Santa had left for them. Barbara, the older sister, had spent the previous summer in the country, where her father, a doctor, had thought it advisable to have her. Helen showed herself partial to a big toy horse, upon whom she had contemplated bestowing a name, when she turned to her sister with the remark: "I wonder if this is a girl horse or a boy horse?"

With an indifferent shrug of the shoulders Barbara said: "I don't know."

Helen's rejoinder came promptly: "You ought to know; you were in the country long enough last summer."

Just then the children's father came into the room, and Barbara suggested they "ask daddy."

To this Helen haughtily replied: "He ain't no horse doctor; he's a person doctor."

First Man—Walk down to the house with me and I will give you a drink.

Second Man—Walk! Let's take the middle of the road on the run.

Call on The Republican for Fine Job Printing.

CUT COST OF LIVING WITH NEW INVENTION

Bacteriologist Says Fertilizer Will Double Farm Production.

Memphis, Tenn., Oct. 16—The production of two ears of corn where one formerly grew, the growth of two tomatoes on the same branch, which formerly produced one—in fact, the doubling of the growing capacity of all soil—are the claims for a new fertilizer invented by Dr. F. M. Wood, a Chicago bacteriologist, who arrived in Memphis yesterday on the first lap of a journey by automobile thru the south, where he expects to promote the establishment of a fertilizing plant in every county in the southern states.

In Memphis, according to Dr. Wood, huge laboratories will be established and this city will be the main southern office for the enterprise. Other than mere tentative plans, nothing has been done as yet toward locating the laboratories here but Dr. Wood held conferences yesterday relative to introducing the new invention to southern farmers.

The method really is not new, but is simply an old process carried out in a new way, according to Dr. Wood. It will reduce the high cost of living, lighten farm work and, above all, it is cheap, he says.

Dr. Wood's method consists of vacinating the ground. Nutrifying organisms found in the roots of leguminous plants, such as alfalfa, clover and cowpeas, are isolated and kept alive in a liquid solution, multiplied and returned to the soil, where they make more accessible the nitrogen in the ground.

Experiments have shown, according to Dr. Wood, that seeds soaked in the solution have grown twice as fast as seeds from the same batch, but untreated.

"I think that I have solved the problem in my liquid solution," the inventor stated. "In the liquid solution the germs are kept alive, whereas the government was not very successful in keeping them alive in the dry form."

"At present nitrates for use on the farm cost in the neighborhood of \$30 per acre, while my solution can be procured for 25 cents an acre. My plan is to manufacture the solution in each farming locality, using the particular form of germs produced there, and then, as time passes, cross these germs with others from different countries and states."

Farmers To Operate Plants.

Continuing he stated that the plans of financing the proposition were simple, and he contemplated no trouble, inasmuch as under his process farmers in the various localities would pay for the installation of the fertilizing plants and operate them, and that he would receive only a stipulated royalty on all sales. He stated that by establishing a small plant in every farming section at a comparatively small cost to the farmers, freight and expenses would be avoided.

He said that he has spent years in research work on his new invention.

Dr. Wood received a B. A. degree in the Yale Army Bacteriological School and an M. D. degree in Princeton University. He was a former army physician in Mexico and during the war was the head of the reconstruction division of the medical corps. During his career as a government surgeon he has carried on various forms of research work successfully.

The inventor insists that his solution will not only double the growing capacity of the soil, but will make possible the doubling of crops in the same season, as the solution will hasten the development of plants.

Whether or not the invention will be successful, it is attracting international attention. Dr. A. Comalouga, representing the agricultural department of Cuba, was present when a test was made of the solution according to Dr. Wood, and was convinced of the merits of the invention. The Cuban has a reputation in Europe and in this country as an authority on agricultural questions.

Dr. Wood stated that at least four central offices will be established. At the central points laboratories will be established, where solutions manufactured in the farming districts will be tested.

The inventor will leave Memphis today, continuing his tour. He will not return until plans have been perfected for the manufacture of his invention, he stated.

MOUNT MITCHELL NEARLY 7,000 FEET HIGH.

Many people believe that Mount Washington, in New Hampshire, is

First: It is sold at a moderate price. You save when you buy it.

Second: It has more than the ordinary leavening strength, therefore, you use less.

Third: There are no failures—it always makes the sweetest, most palatable of foods.

Fourth: It is used by millions of housewives—leading domestic science teachers and cooking experts.

YOU SAVE
WHEN YOU BUY IT—WHEN YOU USE IT

CALUMET BAKING POWDER

Calumet Nut Cookie Recipe
—
1/2 cup sugar, 2 eggs, 1/2 cup flour, 1 level teaspoon Calumet Baking Powder, 3/4 cup chopped nuts, 1 teaspoon lemon juice. Then mix in the regular way.

Kill That Cold With

HILL'S CASCARA BROMIDE QUININE FOR Colds, Coughs, AND La Grippe

Neglected Colds are Dangerous

Take no chances. Keep this standard remedy handy for the first sneeze.

Breaks up a cold in 24 hours—Relieves

Gripe in 3 days—Excellent for Headache

Quinine in this form does not affect the head—Cascara is best Tonic

Laxative—No Opiate in Hill's.

ALL DRUGGISTS SELL IT

the highest mountain in the eastern part of the United States. Mount Washington stands 6,293 feet above sea level, according to the United States Geological Survey, Department of the Interior, but many peaks in the Southern Appalachians are several hundred feet higher than New Hampshire's famous mountain. The highest mountain in the Appalachian system—the highest point in the U. S. east of the Rockies—is Mount Mitchell, in North Carolina, which stands at an elevation of 6,711 feet. The highest mountain in Tennessee, Mount Guyot, stands 6,636 feet above sea level.

OFFERED BRIBE TO STOP PROSECUTION

Chicago, Oct. 15—A Government official attached to the Federal prohibition enforcement organization in Chicago told the Federal grand jury this afternoon that a bribe of \$10,000 had been offered him to stop prosecution in connection with the recent liquor traffic scandal disclosed.

The bribe is said to have been offered by a New York woman.

The Chicago Evening Post printed a story today identifying the woman as Antoinette Duryea, alias Roulet, of New York.

The Government witness, who was sent here from Washington to take charge of the liquor ring investigation, told the grand jury that the same woman had made repeated efforts to bribe other Federal officials to permit the shipment of 1,000 cases of whisky from Louisville to Chicago.

A subpoena has been issued for the woman in an effort to find who were the principals for whom she worked.

Charles Erbstein, an attorney,

said a statement today charging that Walter Sadler, former New York broker, who yesterday went before the grand jury to tell of his participation in the whisky ring's activities, approached him last August in an effort to obtain his aid in marketing a carload of liquor here. Sadler, according to Erbstein, had a letter of introduction from a member of the New York District Attorney's Staff.

Joseph Schillinger, named in Sadler's statement to the grand jury as an agent of the liquor ring, and three other men were arraigned in court today charged with defrauding Andrew Pappas, a saloon keeper. Pappas asserted he had receipts showing he paid Schillinger \$12,000 for whisky, only a third of which was delivered.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.

This remedy is intended especially for coughs, colds, croup and whooping cough. From a small beginning its sale and use has extended to all parts of the United States and to many foreign countries. This alone is enough to convince one that it is a medicine of more than ordinary merit. Give it a trial and you will find this to be the case.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years.
Always bears
the
Signature of *Charles H. Fletcher*

The Hartford Republican

Published Weekly by
HARTFORD PRINTING COMPANY
Incorporated

W. S. TINSLEY, Editor
and Business Manager.

Entered according to law at the
Postoffice, Hartford, Ky., as mail
matter of the second class.

Address all communications to
The Hartford Republican.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS

Subscribers desiring the paper sent
to a new address must give the old
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Business Locals and Notices 10c
per line, and 8c per line for each ad-
ditional insertion.

Obituaries, Resolutions and Cards
of Thanks, 1c per word, and 6c for
each head line and signature, money
in advance.

Church Notices for services free,
but other advertisements, 1c per
word.

Anonymous communications will
receive no attention.

TELEPHONES
Farmers Mutual..... 59
Cumberland 123

FRIDAY OCTOBER 22

REPUBLICAN TICKET.



For President—
WARREN G. HARDING.
For Vice President—
CALVIN COOLIDGE.
For U. S. Senator—
RICHARD P. ERNST.
For Congress—
JOHN P. HASWELL, JR.

Ex-Service men are requested to
read the article in another column,
on page 1 hereof, entitled, "False-
hood Nailed On Short Notice."

Responding to the Herald's request
that we refer them to the two reputa-
ble Democrats whose estimate we
took in reporting the Roosevelt-Mor-
row speaking at this place, will say
that Mr. Harve Sheffield was one of
the parties, and if the other gentle-
man has not already informed you
concerning the correctness of our
statement he is ready and will do so.

We hear and see quite a lot of fool
stuff about Harding and the "Nig-
ger" and "Nigger" equality. Idle
talk intended only for the ignorant,
indulged in by the unscrupulous for
the sole reason that it is hoped that
some of the most silly may be thereby
induced to vote the Democratic
ticket. We would remind those
shining leaders of public thought that
three times has your Idol, Cox, been
Governor of the State of Ohio, with
a legislature to do his bidding and
still Ohio has mixed schools, schools
where both white and black assem-
ble for instruction. Stop your "kid-
ding" about Negro equality, in Ken-
tucky, where neither the whites or
blacks have asked for, expected or
desired mixed schools.

Among other things in Wilson's
Covenant of the League of Nations
which we are asked to approve and
ratify, is the following: "Members
of the League, will intrust the
League with the general supervision
over the execution of agreements with
regard to the traffic in women and
children, and the traffic in opium and
other dangerous drugs." Notice the
connection, traffic in women and
children and opium and other dan-
gerous drugs. And they would have
us become a party, acknowledging
that any sort of traffic in women and
children is and ought to be legalized.
A few short months ago you know,
the traffic in liquor was what we
called under Government supervision
or regulation and everybody knows
exactly what that was. What the
Covenant ought to have said is: That
the members of the League hereby
solemnly agree to stamp out and blot
from the face of the earth the traffic
in women and children.

Haiti, if we mistake not, has mem-
bership in the League of Nations, be-
ing a party, supposedly in full fel-
lowship, yet this Democratic Admin-
istration who would put the United
States into the League, has for
months been prosecuting what vir-
tually amounts to a war on the help-
less little Country wherein it is re-
ported that some three-thousand of
the dark-skinned gentry have been

slain by United States shot and shell.
An investigation has recently been
ordered by the Authorities at Wash-
ington, but nothing can possibly come
of it before the election will have
been a thing of the past. Haiti, if
you remember is one of the so-called
independent Countries for which one
Franklin D., fifth cousin to T. R.
Roosevelt, deceased, boasted that he
had written her constitution, and the
Administration is down there with
a lot of Soldiers and Marines, trying
to enforce it, so it appears. This
is just one more reason why Cox and
the distant cousin should be defeated
on November 2.

In a contributed article on the editorial page of the Courier-Journal of Sunday, we notice a paragraph of Senator Harding's Louisville speech quoted as follows: "The World War wiped out every sectional line in this republic of ours and left us one people, with one purpose, one confidence, one country and one flag—the flag of the United States. More than that, we in the United States of America, with guarantee of equal rights, equal privileges and equal protection under the constitution, mean to have a free America, without cast and without class of any distinction." Then follows this comment: "These are bold words. Are the American people, and especially the white people of Kentucky, prepared to follow such a lead, and by their votes promote such a purpose?" Great guns and Leagues of Nations! You are for world peace thru the League and equal justice between all the Nations of earth, but against it here at home. What sort of an oligarchy would you establish? One who raves for America to become a party to the League of Nations, on the idea that it is for the promotion of World-peace and justice, while at the same time all but acknowledging that he is not for equal rights, equal privileges and equal justice to all American citizens without cast and class of distinction, in his home State, is certainly a fit subject to be closely watched. Or, is he merely resorting to that old and worn out poppycock and tommyrot, so well and effectually in vogue forty years ago?

Speaking of the League of Nations, we find that one complete paragraph of Article 20 reads as follows: "The Members of the League severally agree that this Covenant is accepted as abrogating all obligations or understandings (inter se) which are inconsistent with the terms thereof, and solemnly undertake that they will not hereafter enter into any engagements inconsistent with the terms thereof." If that section means anything at all, it would appear that everything, all laws, rules and regulations of parties signatory thereto, automatically become secondary to the Covenant. In short our statutes, if in anywise conflicting with the Covenant are to be held for naught. Our Constitution vests in Congress the right to declare war. Under the League it would still have the right to declare war, but should we enter the League, it would be the bounden duty of Congress to comply with a request of the League Council and provide for as many men and as much equipment and money as the League Authorities in their very far-away vision deemed proper for the U. S. of America to put up and "shell down." It would be absolutely and down-right dishonorable to fail to bow to and comply with the League Council's orders and edicts. When we sign the Covenant, if we ever do, which we won't for quite a spell yet, we would most assuredly not hypothetically and insincerely do so with the expectation of doing as we pleased in the matter of whether we complied with the Council's orders or not. No as a contract complying Nation we would, without some sort of internal rebellion broke loose, send our boys, with their blood as a bath for the soil and the boundary lines of even Shantung, and her 30,000,000 of helpless Chinese, raped and delivered to Japan as sop, pure and simple, for her portion of the booty for entering the war. Self determination allowing people to determine as to their form of government: Were these thirty millions of Chinamen consulted? Was the Chinese Government proper consulted? On the other hand, Wilson and his crowd committed the rape over the appealing protests of the Chinese Government. And now, should these simple people revolt from Japanese tyrannical rule? We, the United States of America, if party to the Covenant of the League, would be honor bound by the agreement to assist Japan in holding these wronged Chinese in subjection—justice, did you say? The best day's work the fathers and mothers of this Nation could possibly do would be to bury the League so deep that future resurrection will be out of the question.

The Hartford Herald displays either one of two very bad traits as shown by the current issue. It either

RESOLUTIONS BY LATE INSTITUTE

Teachers Commend Faithful Effort
And Pledge Their Hearty
Cooperation

We, the Teachers of Ohio County, in Annual Institute Assembled, grateful for the considerations and favors that have been shown us since our last annual meeting and declaring our renewed devotion to the cause of education in our county and State, respectfully adopt the following principles and resolutions as embodying our ideas relative to the work in our County:

1st: That we extend our thanks to the people of Hartford, who have shown hospitality and kindness and welcome to us in our present meeting, and pledge them our support in every movement that makes for the social betterment of our county.

2nd: That we thank those who have contributed their time and talent in furnishing music for the Institute.

3rd: That we heartily endorse our worthy Superintendent for the school program that he has initiated and is carrying out in this country and pledge to him our strongest efforts to the end that our county may make that progress educationally, that her resources, her people, and her reputation as a leader, demand.

4th: That we endorse the efficient way in which our Superintendent has planned and conducted the present season of our institute, in that he has eliminated outside influences and has brought the work of the institute down to educational problems that are vital and that now confront us as teachers of the country.

5th: That we commend the work of our worthy county attendance officer, Mr. Stewart, in his effort to earnestly and efficiently enforce the compulsory attendance law in our schools. We pledge to him our hearty support in his work, believing that this is the only method that will ever eliminate the blot of illiteracy from the borders of our fair State. We earnestly urge him to see that this law is enforced to the fullest, in the future, and offer to him our services in the matter wherever we can help in the work.

6th: That we hereby endorse the work of our worthy and efficient instructor, Mr. Stickles, who has brought to us a vision of the better things that can be attained in the cause of education, and who has made his instruction so practical that it has inspired and helped us to higher ideals. We commend him as an able instructor and ask that our Superintendent again obtain his services for this work.

7th: That we extend our thanks to our worthy State Superintendent, Mr. Colvin, who gave us such explanatory and inspirational talks on Thursday of our Institute, that we recognize in him a worthy leader for the educational forces of our State, and the right man in the right place in this movement of progress educationally. We pledge to him our strongest support in carrying out the educational program now before our State.

8th: That we strongly approve the laws passed by the recent Kentucky legislature relative to the schools of our beloved State. We recognize in them the greatest forward movement educationally that our State has ever taken. While there may be some imperfections in these laws, which will be corrected as soon as opportunity allows, yet we believe that they are the best obtainable at present and pledge our every effort to carrying out these laws to the end that Kentucky may take her true place as leader among the States of the Union. We believe that a long stride has been made toward taking our schools out of politics and putting them upon the plane of efficiency and service, and for this reason we are willing to support the program that has brought to us better things as teachers and promises better things for our whole educational fabric.

9th: That we thank the ministers and others who have conducted the devotional exercises for us, realizing that in all our work we must not forget that kind Providence that ever smiles upon us when we are in the paths of duty and supports us in the hour of darkness.

10th: That we express our thanks to Dr. J. W. Carr, Director of Physical Education for Kentucky, for the help that he gave us in the matter of carrying the teaching of physical education in our schools. We feel that this work, honestly and earnestly carried out, will be of inestimable benefit to the men and women of tomorrow, and that we will be partly responsible, if we neglect this opportunity to help them to stronger and more healthful bodies.

11th: We recommend that a copy of the Minutes of this Institute be published and distributed among the

This is a Billiken

A Shoe Without a Nail



THINK OF IT—not even the tiniest nail to hurt tender, little feet. No stiff, clumsy soles to tire the little feet. No ill-favored shapes to cramp the growing toes.

Perfect little shoes for YOUR kiddie—made according to nature's demands plus the good common-sense ideas of the maker. High and low styles—for children, misses and growing girls.

Priced according to size. The best
shoes for children we ever saw.
Sold exclusively at this
store.

Carson & Co.
Hartford, Kentucky.



This Wagon Guarantee

is on the front endgate of the John Deere Wagon.

The big point for you to consider is that you know before you buy that these necessary qualities are in the John Deere Wagon.

It tells you that the John Deere Wagon has what you know is the best material and workmanship.

In the wagon you buy you need the qualities that this guarantee sets forth. You can't get a real wagon bargain without them. They assure the kind of service and length of service that makes wagon use pay most.

FORDSVILLE PLANING MILL COMPANY

INCORPORATED

Fordsville, Ky.

Members; also a copy of these Resolutions are sent to our worthy State Superintendent and published in our County papers.

NOTICE

To Tax-Payers.

1. or one of my deputies will be at the following places on the follow-

ing dates, for the purpose of collecting taxes:

Prentiss, Friday, Oct. 22.

Taylor Mines, Saturday, Oct. 23.

McHenry, Saturday, Oct. 23.

Sulphur Springs, Monday, Oct. 25.

Wyox, Wednesday, Oct. 27.

Rockport, Wednesday, Oct. 27.

Beaver Dam, Thursday, Oct. 28.

Simmons, Saturday, Oct. 30.

Render, Saturday, Oct. 30.



Millinery Department

The time is here for your Fall Headwear. So far the season has been one of unusual rush, but every day adds to this Department the newest that can be found in the market. You can visit us, and find exactly what you want, and you will also find that our prices always correspond with the quality given.

Coats and Coat Suits

In connection with our Millinery Department you will see the greatest line of Coats and Coat Suits to be found in our city or county. All kinds of materials, all styles, all sizes. Would appreciate a look whether you care to buy or not.

FAIR & CO.
THE FAIR DEALERS

It Pays to Follow The Crowd to the Government Store

Bargains in Comforts, Blankets, Iron Cots, Low Wheel Wagons, suitable for log wagons and general hauling. O. D. Coats and Pants, Shirts, Overcoats, Russett and Marching Shoes, Wrapped Leggins, Canvas Leggins, Raincoats, Sweaters, Bacon, Tobacco, Whips, Overalls, Horse Covers, Wagon Tongues, Brake Beams, Tailgates, and other bargains too numerous to mention.

YOU ARE NOT WASTING TIME BY PAYING A VISIT TO THIS STORE.

J. R. TAYLOR, Manager.
Beaver Dam, Ky.

The Hartford Republican

FRIDAY OCTOBER 22

PERSONAL NEWS AND SOCIAL EVENTS

Fresh Creamery Butter at TAYLOR'S RESTAURANT.

Mr. Bob Wilson, of Olaton, was in Hartford yesterday, on business.

We pay cash every day for eggs and poultry. W. E. ELLIS & BRO.

Mr. W. A. Clark, of Sunnyside, was here yesterday attending to business.

Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Duke spent Saturday night and Sunday in Central City.

Squire Leslie Combs, of near town, went to Madisonville, Wednesday, on business.

Mr. Cal P. Keown went to Louisville Wednesday, to attend a Convention of the Armenian Relief Organization.

A nice line of crisp potato chips at TAYLOR'S RESTAURANT.

Mr. J. J. Jarnagin, of Cromwell, was in town yesterday.

Nice fresh candies, grapes and other fruits. TAYLOR'S RESTAURANT.

We have Rye, Red Top and Timothy Seed.

ACTON BROS.

FOR SALE—20 Colonies Italian Bees in 8-frame standard hives. 14tf ECK RIAL.

Mrs. Joe Westerfield and son, Fred, spent the week-end with relatives at Sulphur Springs.

Mr. J. H. B. Carson, of Carson & Co., will return today from a business trip to Louisville.

Wanted—To exchange two automobiles for real estate. Address: Dr. L. B. BEAN, Hartford, Ky. 17tf

Mesdames Minerva Mackey and J. B. Bradshaw, of Centertown, were visitors at this office, while in town Tuesday.

Extra "Star A Star" Shingles, for sale on close figures at W. E. ELLIS & BRO'S.

Your choice of fresh oysters (Counts or Selects) at TAYLOR'S RESTAURANT.

Northern Rye, Timothy, Red Top, and Clover Seeds. The best on the market. W. E. ELLIS & BRO.

Judge and Mrs. W. H. Barnes will return from Louisville today, where they have been spending a few days.

Mrs. Mollie Herring, of Beaver Dam, was the weekend guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Casebier.

Mrs. F. L. Felix, who has been spending some time here, went to Louisville last week-end to visit relatives.

Mrs. J. R. Pirtle and son, Ferdinand, spent the week end at Dundee, the guests of Dr. and Mrs. J. D. Stewart.

Little Miss Emily Fair and Master J. C. Riley visited their aunts, Misses Hettie and Ruth Riley, of Owensboro, Saturday.

Mr. Clarence I. Tinsley, with Bond Bros., located at Montgomery, Ala., arrived here Wednesday, to spend two weeks with relatives.

Commonwealth's Attorney, C. E. Smith, will leave for Hawesville Sunday, where he goes to attend a session of the Circuit Court.

Mr. C. O. Hunter, Cashier of the Bank of Hartford, attended a session of the Kentucky Bankers' Association in Louisville, Monday.

Mrs. U. S. Faught, of Centertown, is visiting her brother, Mr. A. K. Rowe, and Mrs. Rowe, in Louisville, and attending the Gypsy Smith Revival.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Iglesias were host and hostess to the Stork yesterday. A fine little girl baby was left with them, which they have adopted as their own.

Mrs. O. W. Overholtz, of Cedar Edge, Colo., was summoned to her old home near Equality, Monday on account of the serious illness and death of her father, Mr. N. D. Fulkerson.

Mr. Auburn Tichenor, who has been employed in Detroit, Mich., for some time, arrived here a few days ago to visit his father, Mr. L. B. Tichenor and Mrs. Tichenor and other relatives. Mr. Tichenor will be here about two weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Carden and family, and Mr. and Mrs. Leslie Carden spent Sunday with Mr. C. P. Carden's father, Mr. J. P. Carden, of Narrows, in honor of his seventieth birthday. A number of the other children of the elder Mr. Carden were also present.

WILSON DESTROYED OWN LEAGUE—TAFT

Chicago, Oct. 19.—President Wilson was accused of destroying his own League of Nations by former President William H. Taft tonight. Mr. Taft spoke on the campaign issues at Northwestern University. He said that only by the election of Senator Harding can real progress be made to bring the United States into an agreement with other nations to prevent war.

"President Wilson made himself the proper object of severest criticism in not being willing to accept a compromise which the Senate had the right to offer him," said Mr. Taft. "By insisting on Article X he destroyed his league, and Mr. Cox proposes to do the same thing."

Mr. Taft said that if Cox is elected the league can not be adopted because the same opposition that prevented its adoption under the Wilson administration will be found in the House and Senate.

"The issue of this campaign is whether we shall approve the Wilson administration," he said. "The question is what can be done, under the rules of the game, under constitutional provision to bring the United States in an arrangement to prevent war. It seems to me clear that in the existing situation, Mr. Harding's election is the only means of securing this."

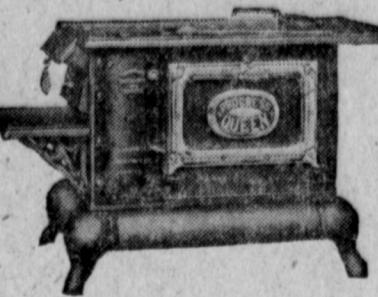
NOTICE.

The Hartford annual Halloween Masquerade dance will be given on Oct. 29th, this year, due to the fact that Halloween falls on Sunday. Please don't forget the date.

Music by Park Bros. Jazz Orchestra, of Louisville, Ky. All dancers are invited to attend. Folks from out of town are not required to mask.

An infant child of Garfield Rowe

Cook Stoves That Do It!



The Queen is made in two sizes, range finish, attractive and durable.

This Stove is all and more than its name implies, the queen of stoves in point of service.

If you need a cook stove you ought to have an eye for three distinct features when you purchase, viz: Cooking qualifications, fuel saving and durability. You will find that these features stand out prominently in the Queen. Come in and look over our line. We can save you money.

ACTON BROS.

Hartford, Kentucky.

HOUSE AND CARE FOR FARMING IMPLEMENTS

Lexington, Ky. October 18.—Now is the time to house all the machinery which during the rush season you have left standing in the open. In these days when experts state that we cannot expect any decrease in price of farm implements from decrease in cost of manufacture; when freight rates are increasing when farm help is becoming so undependable, every precaution should be taken to conserve our farm machinery.

The average life of an unhoisted farm implement is about seven and one-half years and that of a housed one is 15 years. It is estimated that the annual loss to the farmers of the State by not housing their machinery would be approximately two and one-half million dollars.

If a farmer has \$1500 worth of machinery and it wears out in 15 years when properly housed, the depreciation will amount to \$100 a year, but if he leaves it out in the fence corner it lasts only 7.67 years, and the depreciation will be \$196.56 a year. The difference, \$96.56 would pay the farmer 10 per cent interest on a \$1000 implement shed or 20 per cent on a \$500 one. These figures are worthy of consideration by every farmer.

Suggestions As To How To Conserve Machinery.

1. Cooperative use of machinery may help solve the problem in some communities.

2. When setting up a new machine, always follow the printed instructions sent out by the manufacturers.

3. Before operating any machine, see that all the working parts are correctly adjusted and that the bearings are properly lubricated.

4. All polished working surfaces, such as plow bottoms and cultivator shovels, should be cleaned every night before leaving the field.

5. Store all implements as soon as the season's work is done.

6. When storing all parts should be thoroughly cleaned, bearings greased as well as parts that are apt to rust.

7. When storing the implements, a list of worn and broken parts should be noted and a list of the repairs needed should be recorded.

8. Scrap all old worn out machines, but save all usable parts such as bolts, levers, etc., for emergency repair work.

MEXICO EAGER TO MEET ALL DUTIES

Mexico City, Oct. 16.—Mexico is anxious to comply with her international obligations. Provisional President Dr. La Huerta told the correspondent of the Associated Press, and extends a hearty welcome to all foreigners. He declared the Mexican government had not received from Washington any intimation as to conditions upon which possible recognition of the Mexican regime would be based by the United States.

Mrs. W. C. Blenkenship, who underwent an operation in a Louisville Hospital last week, is improving nicely.

CENTERTOWN.

Rev. J. J. Willett, of Owensboro, filled his regular appointment at the Baptist Church at this place last Sunday morning and evening.

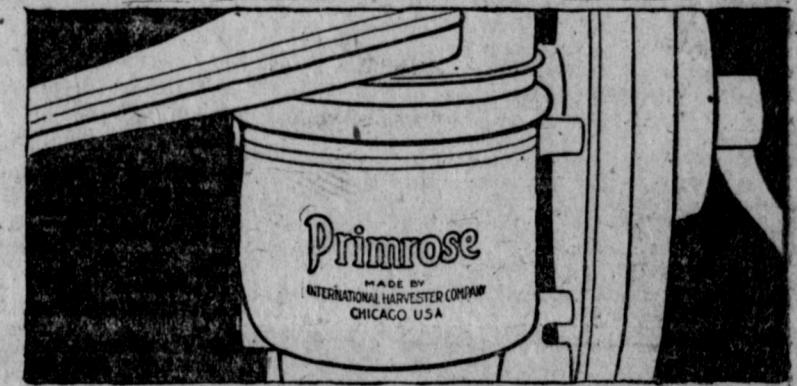
O. M. Bishop and wife motored over to Owensboro Sunday.

An infant child of Garfield Rowe

LIGHT AND WATER NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the Kentucky Light and power Company, incorporated, is not able to operate under the burden of high taxes and high prices and that on the 31st day of December, 1920, it will discontinue furnishing both light and water, and will dismantle its plant, and the corporation will be dissolved.

M. L. HEAVIN, President.
ERNEST WOODWARD, Secy.
E. G. BARRASS, Treas-Mgr.
September 25, 1920. 13tf



Give Us the Chance

WE are always glad to talk business with the man or woman with a Missouri viewpoint—"Show Me."

If you own dairy cattle what we can "Show You" in the way of a cream separator is going to intensely interest you.

The **Primrose** Cream Separator is the stingiest proposition on earth with cream—never wastes a drop. Equipped with two cream outlets instead of one, the cream is never crowded in flowing out. This prevents the breaking of the fat globules—result, smoother butter.

The **Primrose** separator skims extremely close. The cream is always of uniform grade—is sweet, clean and always in first-class condition. And the warm skim milk is invaluable for calves and pigs. Built strong and simple, with frame open and sanitary, and supply can large and low. The **Primrose** is an ideal machine for the dairy farmer seeking maximum results.

There are so many exclusive good features connected with the **Primrose** separator that we know we can "Show You" where you will profit much by its use. Let us demonstrate its many fine points to you—if it is not convenient for you to call, phone us and we will bring a machine out with us to your home.

W. E. ELLIS & BROTHER

HARTFORD, KY.

The Standard Paint and Lead Works

CLEVELAND, O.

A complete line of House Paint, Barn Paint, Roof Paints, Floor Paints, Varnishes, Shingle Stain, Oils, Etc.

Goodyear Liquid Cement, guaranteed TEN YEARS. Every gallon guaranteed. Sold direct to consumer.

Write or call,
C. D. THAXTON, - Sales Manager

MASTER COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

Ohio Circuit Court.
Maude Crowe, et al., Plaintiffs.
vs. Notice of Sale.
Nellie Crowe Truman, et al., Defendants.

By virtue of a judgment and order of sale of the Ohio Circuit Court entered in the above styled action at its September term, 1920, directing me as Master Commissioner of said court to sell the hereinbefore described real estate for the purpose of paying the costs of the above styled action together with the costs of this sale and dividing the balance of the proceeds among the parties entitled thereto as their respective interests may appear. I will offer for sale at public outcry, to the highest and best bidder at the court house door in Hartford, Ely, on Monday Nov. 1, 1920, (it being the first day of the regular November term of the Ohio County Court) at about the hour of one o'clock p.m., upon a credit of six and twelve months, the following described real estate:

A one-fourth interest in a tract of land in Ohio County, Ky., containing 90 acres lying on the waters of Barnett's Creek and bounded on the East by the lands of Milligan Bros., and J. B. Mullican; on the South by the lands of Robert Rowan and Willis Heflin, on the West by the lands of Ed Charlet and John Price; on the North by the lands of Fred Johnson and Milligan Bros.

Also a one-half interest in 130 acre tract of land lying and being in Ohio County, Ky., on the waters of Barnett's Creek and bounded as follows: Bounded on the East by the lands of Frank Riley; on the West by the lands of James Hinton; on the North by the lands of John Salmon, and on the South by the Livermore and Maxwell public road.

The purchaser will be required to execute bonds immediately after sale with security to be approved by the Commissioner in equal installments, due in six and twelve months, bearing interest at the rate of 6 per cent per annum. Said bonds to have the force and effect of a judgment. A lien will be retained on the land sold to further secure the purchase price.

Given under my hand this the 9th day of October, 1920.
OTTO C. MARTIN, M. C.
J. S. Glenn, J. P. Sandefur, Attys.

MASTER COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

Ohio Circuit Court.
H. A. Baird, et al., On Petition.
vs. Notice of sale.

By virtue of a judgment and order of sale of the Ohio Circuit Court, entered at its September, 1920, term, in the above styled action, directing me as Master Commissioner of the Ohio Circuit Court, to sell the hereinbefore described land for the purpose of paying the costs of this action together with the cost of this sale, and dividing the balance of the proceeds among the parties entitled thereto as their respective interests may appear. I will offer for sale at public outcry to the highest and best bidder at the court house door in Hartford, Ohio County, Kentucky, on Monday, November 1st, 1920, (it being the first day of the regular November term of the Ohio County Court) at about the hour of one o'clock p.m., upon a credit of six and twelve months the following described real estate, lying and being in Ohio County, Ky., and bounded as follows:

1st tract: Beginning at a stone in the Fordsville and S. Gillespie road corner to the Whitter homestead tract; thence with a line of same S. 10 W. 73 poles to a white oak and black oak, corner homestead in Whitter's line; thence West in a straight line 64 poles to a stone, corner W. C. Truman; thence N. with Truman's line to the road; thence with the Fordsville and Gillespie road to the beginning, containing 30 acres more or less. This is a part of the old Henderson Whitter tract of land which was conveyed to J. W. McCarty by R. Holbrook Commissioner, August 13, 1900, and which land was conveyed by H. C. Crowe by J. W. McCarty and wife on Feb. 2nd, 1903, which deed is of record in deed book 59, page 573, Ohio County Clerk's office.

The purchaser will be required to execute bond immediately after sale with security to be approved by the Commissioner to have the force and effect of a judgment, payable in six months, bearing interest at the rate of 6 per cent per annum from date until paid. A lien will be retained on the land sold to further secure the payment of said bond.

Given under my hand, this the 6th day of October, 1920.
OTTO C. MARTIN, M. C.
M. L. Hearvin, Attorney.

MASTER COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

Ohio Circuit Court.
Annie E. Hill, et al., Plaintiffs.
vs. Notice of sale.

Irene Maddox Jones, et al., Defendants.

By virtue of judgment and order of sale of the Ohio Circuit Court rendered at its September term, 1920, in the above styled action, directing me as Commissioner of said court to sell the hereinbefore described land for the purpose of paying the cost of the above styled action and the cost of this sale, and dividing the balance of the proceeds among the parties entitled thereto as their respective interests may appear. I will offer for sale at public outcry to the highest and best bidder at the court house door in Hartford, Ohio County, Ky., on Monday, November 1st, 1920, (it being the first day of the regular November term of the Ohio County Court) at about the hour of one o'clock p.m., upon a credit of six and twelve months, the following described real estate:

Beginning at a stone the S. E. corner of lot No. 1, known as the Sarah Maddox land deeded to her by Robert Southard; thence east 3 poles to a stone on the North side of the Hartford and Rockport road and the N. E. corner of the Dave Shively's lot; thence N. 66 E. 13 poles with the Hartford and Rockport road; thence N. 72 E. 18 poles to a stone on the North side of said road; thence N. 126 poles to the South bank of the Louis Creek to one beech and sweet gum; thence down said creek with its meanderings to a stone, N. E. corner of lot No. 1 of Robert Southard's land; thence S. 102 poles to the beginning excepting however from said boundary of land a small portion thereof sold by E. Harrison Maddox to Oscar Wade on April 22, 1905, a small portion thereof sold by E. Harrison Maddox to George H. Bennett on May 28, 1906; and a portion thereof sold by E. Harrison Maddox to Flora Bratcher, November 25, 1908, leaving approximately thirty acres of said boundary of the land owned and held by said plaintiffs and defendants.

The purchaser will be required to execute bonds immediately after sale with security to be approved by the Commissioner to have the force and effect of a judgment, payable in six and twelve months, bearing interest at the rate of 6 per cent per annum from date until paid. A lien will be retained on the land sold to further secure the payment of said bonds.

Given under my hand this the 6th day of October, 1920.
OTTO C. MARTIN, M. C.
Attorneys.

MASTER COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

C. W. Morgan, Plaintiff.
vs. Notice.

A. W. Morgan, Defendant.

By virtue of a judgment and order of sale entered in the above styled action at the July, 1920 term of the Ohio Circuit Court, directing me to sell the hereinbefore described property for the purpose of paying certain bequests made in the will of Isabell

Morgan, to-wit, \$475.00 to the plaintiff in this action with interest thereon at the rate of 6 per cent per annum from May 7, 1917 until paid, also to T. F. Tanner, et al., the sum of \$242.00, with interest thereon at the rate of 6 per cent per annum from May 7, 1917, until paid, and the costs of this action and cost of this sale. I will offer for sale at public outcry to the highest and best bidder at the court house door in Hartford, Ely, on Monday Nov. 1, 1920, (it being the first day of the regular term of the Ohio County Court), at about the hour of one o'clock p.m., upon a credit of six and twelve months, the following described real estate:

A one-fourth interest in a tract of land in Ohio County, Ky., containing 90 acres lying on the waters of Barnett's Creek and bounded on the East by the lands of Milligan Bros., and J. B. Mullican; on the South by the lands of Robert Rowan and Willis Heflin, on the West by the lands of Ed Charlet and John Price; on the North by the lands of Fred Johnson and Milligan Bros.

Also a one-half interest in 130 acre tract of land lying and being in Ohio County, Ky., on the waters of Barnett's Creek and bounded as follows: Two tracts or parcels of land in Ohio County, Kentucky, bounded as follows:

1st tract: Beginning at a stone in Henderson Whitter's line, and corner to lot No. 3; thence west 138 poles to a hickory, Wm. C. Truman's corner; thence with his line S. 66 poles to three black oaks; thence S. 43 E. 42 poles to a stone, E. 110 poles to two white oaks, corner to lot No. 3; thence North to the beginning.

Given same land conveyed to H. C. Crowe, by John Whitter, et al., on the 3rd day of March, 1902, which deed is of record in deed book No. 60, page 173, Ohio County Clerk's office.

2nd tract: Beginning at a stone in the Fordsville and S. Gillespie road corner to the Whitter homestead tract; thence with a line of same S. 10 W. 73 poles to a white oak and black oak, corner homestead in Whitter's line; thence West in a straight line 64 poles to a stone, corner W. C. Truman; thence N. with Truman's line to the road; thence with the Fordsville and Gillespie road to the beginning, containing 30 acres more or less. This is a part of the old Henderson Whitter tract of land which was conveyed to J. W. McCarty by R. Holbrook Commissioner, August 13, 1900, and which land was conveyed by H. C. Crowe by J. W. McCarty and wife on Feb. 2nd, 1903, which deed is of record in deed book 59, page 573, Ohio County Clerk's office.

The soldier does not look at the league covenant in this way. He does not bother with the law or diplomacy. We sign a contract; we must keep it. We give a promise; we must redeem it. He does not even think about

AVIATION "ACE" OPPOSES LEAGUE

Covenant of Nations Has but One Meaning, War, Declares Capt. "Eddie" Rickenbacker.

SPAKES FOR BOYS WHO FOUGHT

Says Lawyers May Argue Point, but Soldiers Would Interpret Our Signature Only as Pledge to Fight. Which Must Be Kept.

The following is the first of four articles by Capt. "Eddie" Rickenbacker on "Why Soldiers Are Against the League of Nations." Capt. Rickenbacker was the ace of aces in American aviation on the front in France. His acquaintance among the soldiers of the late war is nationwide. When he speaks for them, he speaks what he knows.

By CAPT. "EDDIE" RICKENBACKER. Chapter I.

For a soldier, the League of Nations has just one meaning—war. It is a contract to fight. If we join the league we agree to fight when called in to do so.

International lawyers and diplomats may argue this point. Some say that we may sign the league covenant and still not fight unless we want. They argue that, after our allies call on us, we still are at liberty to go or stay out.

The soldier does not look at the league covenant in this way. He does not bother with the law or diplomacy. We sign a contract; we must keep it. We give a promise; we must redeem it. He does not even think about

Come in and tell us which voice or instruments "get" you most quickly. We'll give you the "personal favorites" Realism Test. This test will show you what the New Edison's perfect realism does, how it brings the keener, finer, subtler joys in music.

E. P. BARNES & BRO., Beaver Dam.

Capt. "Eddie" Rickenbacker.

whether it is morals or law that binds us. He only knows that if we give a pledge we are going to stand by it.

Take, for instance, article 10, the war article of the league. The soldier reads there that the members of the league "undertake to respect and preserve against external aggression" the territory and independence of all other members. That is the language of the covenant. The soldier translates that language in his mind into United States. He then would put the pledge, if signed by the United States, in about this form:

"The United States undertakes to respect and preserve against external aggression the territory of all members of the league." Add to this that to the soldier "external aggression" is merely a polite name for war and you have article 10 as he sees it. Everything else is to him just camouflage.

We give our word to stand ready to fight, on call, for any other nation in the league that is suffering from a case of "external aggression." Once given, we have to keep it.

The trouble might come in China, or Siam, Greece, India, or Egypt. We

might be called to fight to keep 30,000,000 Chinese in Shantung under Japanese rule, or to hold India in the British empire; we might not like the job; we might even sympathize with the Chinese, or Hindus, but we should have given our word, in a plain contract, and we should have to keep it.

That is the way a plain soldier looks at the league contract, and nine-tenths in a hundred soldiers do not like it. They have seen foreign nations and know they are foreign to us. They know that every foreign nation, in war or peace, acts first and last for itself. If a foreign nation gets into war while acting in its own interests, they do not see why they should be shipped to Europe or Asia to help it; they do not understand why American blood should be shed to build up any foreign nation. Therefore, they are against taking the pledge; they are against article 10; they are against the covenant.

That fight in war is the solemnest business on earth. Those who fought

know this better than anybody else, and they are against fighting for any country except the United States.

Said tracts to be sold separately.

The purchaser will be required to execute bonds immediately after sale with security to be approved by the Commissioner to have the force and effect of a judgment, payable in six and twelve months, bearing interest at the rate of 6 per cent per annum from date until paid. A lien will be retained on the land sold to further secure the payment of said bonds.

Given under my hand this the 6th day of October, 1920.
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OTTO C. MARTIN, M. C.
Attorneys.

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FARM DEPARTMENT.

Sweet potatoes make a superior table and cooking syrup, say chemists of the United States Department of Agriculture. Thus far no large commercial use has been made of the discovery. The department is prepared to tell how to make sweet-potato syrup at home and how to use it in cookery and candy making.

Fall-sown grain crops in the South provide a winter cover for the land, thus preventing washing and leaching. They also provide winter pasture and grain and forage for work stock and may be grown to advantage in rotation with corn and cotton. The oat crop is one of the best for fall sowing where it withstands the winter.

Young Purebred Outweighs Scrub

"Am marketing a 4-year-old scrub bull this week. It weighs only about 900 pounds as compared with 1,200 pounds for my purebred Shorthorn now 20 months old." With this comment a livestock owner in Bath County, Va., enrolled in the "Better Sires—Better Stock" movement. He is a breeder of cattle, sheep, and swine, and has a purebred sire for each of these classes. The female stock comprises grades principally which will be improved through the use of purebred sires.

Fall Sowing of Oats in South.

The principal varieties of oats suitable for fall sowing in the South are the Red Rustproof, Fulghum, and Winter Turf, say specialists of the United States Department of Agriculture. The Red Rustproof and Fulghum should be grown in the Gulf States, Georgia, and the Carolinas, and the Winter Turf in Virginia, Tennessee, and Kentucky.

Fall oats should be sown on well-prepared land with a grain drill at the rate of 2 to 3 bushels to the acre. The date of seeding varies from September 15 to November 15, according to the locality. Only clean, plump seed should be sown.

European corn borer has been discovered in Canada, the United States Department of Agriculture find, and warns against this new source of infection.

Use of Vinegar Reduces Vegetable Canning Losses.

A little vinegar added to beans, corn, peas, asparagus or spinach when canned by the water-bath method, will add materially in the reduction of loss by spoilage. Moreover, the time of processing these vegetables may be somewhat reduced when a sufficient amount of acid is used, the Home Economics Kitchen of the United States Department of Agriculture reports after two years of experimental work on the subject.

In certain sections of the country in 1919 and 1920 canned sweet corn did not keep well, whether processed continuously or intermittently. In the Home Economics Kitchen quart cans of corn processed for less than 6 hours continuously spoiled, while others canned at the same time, with the addition of 4 tablespoons of vinegar to 1 quart, did not spoil either year, although given only 2 hours processing. If only 3 tablespoons of vinegar are used, process 4 hours; 2 or 3 tablespoons of lemon juice to a quart gave equally good results when processed 3 hours. Corn should always be boiling hot when packed into the jar.

With spinach and string beans the addition of 2 tablespoons of the acid proved equally effective in reducing spoilage. Vinegar or lemon juice to the small amounts used modifies to some degree the natural flavor of the vegetable, but the acid taste is not objectionable to most persons. Moreover, much of the acid taste can be washed off before the vegetables are served. Experiments with vinegar and other acids in canning vegetables will be continued in the kitchen next year.

Usually hens make better breeders than pullets. Cockerels, if well grown and matured, often give better fertility than older birds. However, cock birds that have proved good breeders should be used.

Storing Late Vegetables.

The storing of late vegetables is often profitable for those who grow them in sufficient quantities for marketing, giving the grower the direct benefit of the winter price. To care for the surplus vegetables in many cases requires nothing more than the use of existing facilities in or near the home. When considerable quantities of vegetables are to be stored, it is frequently advisable to construct permanent storage facilities in the form of a storage room in the basement of a dwelling or under an out-building or to build an outdoor cellar of wood or masonry. If permanent facilities are not available, late

root crops can be kept in outdoor pits or banks, requiring no cash outlay except for labor.

In addition to the grain and the table scraps given a backyard flock it is well to feed a dry mash. This dry mash is composed of various ground grains and is placed in a mash hopper or box from which the hens can help themselves. The advantage of feeding such a mash is that the hens always have access to feed, and this tends to make up for any faulty, inexperienced, or insufficient feeding. The hens do not like the dry mash so well that they are likely to overeat, but it will supply a source of feed in case they are not getting enough grain feed. The dry mash also provides a suitable medium for feeding beef scrap, a certain amount of which may or may not be necessary, depending upon the amount of meat scraps available in the table waste. If hens show a tendency to become overfat it may be desirable to close the mash hopper during a part of the day and allow them access to it only during a certain period, preferably the afternoon.

A good dry mash recommended by poultry specialists of the United States Department of Agriculture, is composed of equal parts by weight of corn meal, wheat, bran, wheat middlings and beef scrap. Another mash is composed of 3 parts by weight of corn meal and 1 part beef scrap. Still a third mash, which has given excellent results, is composed of 1 pound of wheat bran, 1 pound of wheat middlings, 6.4 pounds of beef scrap, and 16.5 pounds of corn meal. The beef scrap used in the dry mash is usually the most expensive ingredient, but it is an essential part of the mash and very efficient for egg production. It should not be eliminated or reduced unless the quantity of meat in the table scraps is considerable or unless some other product can be substituted for it. Fish scrap, when available, may replace the beef scrap, or cottonseed meal can be used to replace onehalf of the beef scrap in the mash. No attempt should be made to replace more than half the beef scrap with cottonseed meal, as the quality of the eggs will be unsatisfactory.

Green-cut bone can often be purchased from the butcher. This material when procured fresh makes an excellent substitute for beef scrap. It should be purchased in small quantities, as it can not be kept fresh for any length of time and when spoiled may cause severe bowel trouble. It is best fed in a trough not often than every other day, allowing about one-half ounce per bird. Should severe or continued looseness of the bowels follow the feeding of green-cut bone it should be discontinued or the quantity reduced.

Silage Provides Cheapest Succulent Feed For Stock.
Silage is the best and cheapest form in which to store succulent feed, say specialists of the Bureau of Animal Industry, of the U. S. Department of Agriculture. Many forage crops can be made into silage, but corn, where it can be grown successfully, makes the best silage.

Good silage depends upon cutting the crop at the right stage, fine cutting, even distribution, thorough packing, and plenty of moisture in the cut material. When rightly put up and carefully fed, there should be little if any loss thru spoiling.

Silage is well suited for feeding to all live stock. Dairy cows need it perhaps more than other classes of animals, because the succulence it supplies is very necessary for large milk production. It is a cheap and economical feed for beef cattle, from breeding cow to fattening steer. Sheep like it, and it is well suited to may be fed limited quantities of good their needs. Even horses and mules silage with good results.

SAVED HIS HORSE

Mr. R. L. McIntyre, of Altoona, Ala., says: "Dr. LeGear's Antiseptic Healing Powder quickly healed some bad wire cuts on my horse. I defy any stranger to find the slightest scar on him."

Dr. LeGear's Advice and Remedy saved this valuable animal. He warns you not to leave a wound, scar or cut exposed, but to dust on Dr. LeGear's Antiseptic Healing Powder, which instantly forms an antiseptic protection and promotes healthy healing.

In his 28 years of Veterinary Practice and Expert Poultry Breeding, Dr. LeGear has compounded a remedy for every curable ailment of stock or poultry. Whenever they require a remedy it will pay you, as it did Mr. McIntyre, to purchase from your dealer the proper Dr. LeGear Remedy, on a satisfaction or money back guarantee.—Advertisement.

Why He is Kicking Up Such a Dust



Gale in Los Angeles Times.

UNITED STATES QUILTS FIGHT ON H. C. L.

Washington, Oct. 16.—The government drive against the high cost of living, abandonment of which has been set for November 1, has cost approximately \$500,000 according to figures at the Department of Justice which today sent letters to all fair price organizations informing them of the conclusion of the campaign.

Department officials said the drive had been successful, but that lack of funds had forced the decision to dissolve the organization built up for the war on profiteers. They pointed to collections of fines aggregating more than \$275,000, assessed against convicted profiteers, as evidence of the success attained.

Further fines might be collected, it was added, from the more than 1,600 persons and firms indicted thru activities of the fair price group.

Convictions obtained thru the fair price commissions totaled 181, records of the department showed. There remain more than 200 other cases where arrests have been made, but the trials have not been held. Prison sentences imposed aggregate ten years and ten months in cases already decided. Officials said this represented more than forty convictions since most of the sentences were short.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

TEN HORSES FINISH 300-MILE CONTEST

Camp Devens, Ayer, Mass., Oct. 15.—Ten horses today completed the 300-mile endurance test for cavalry mounts in which 27 horses started at Fort Ethan Allen, Vermont, last Monday. Crabbet, a registered Arab chestnut gelding, and Rustem Bey, a grade Arab gelding of the same color and winner of last year's test, both owned by W. R. Brown, of Berlin, N. H., came in at the head of the string, followed half an hour later by Bunkie and Mille Denise, army remount service grade thoroughbreds. The winner of the test to be determined by consideration of speed, condition and amount of feed consumed, will be announced tomorrow.

The other horses finished in the following order: Dolly, Kemah Prince King Fisher, Moscow, Castor and Noam. Thirteen horses started the last leg from Concord, N. H., this morning, but David Craig, a registered thoroughbred; Hamila, a registered Arab, and Colon, a grade Arab, were withdrawn before the noon stop at Milford, N. H.

Each horse carried a minimum of 245 pounds as compared with 200 pounds in last year's test. In the final judging speed will count 40 per cent condition 50 per cent and feed 10 per cent.

MRS. BERGDOLL GUILTY

Found guilty in a Philadelphia court of aiding Grover and Erwin Bergdoll to evade the draft, Mrs. Emma C. Bergdoll, her son Charles, and three others were released on \$10,000 bail each pending motion for new trial. The judge in his charge said: "It is too much to expect any mother to surrender her own son. But pity and sympathy for a deserter are no excuse for harboring a deserter or aiding his escape."

NEGROES RETURN HOME

Macon, Ga., Oct. 13.—Thousands of Georgia negroes who migrated to the north and east soon after the outbreak of the war, lured by high wages offered by industrial plants, are returning to Georgia, and hundreds of others, unable to make the homeward track because of lack of funds, are sending appeals to their former employers for tickets on which to travel back to Dixie, according to figures gathered by the Macon News.

Virtually all of those who return and those who are writing for funds state that they have been thrown out of employment and now find themselves faced with the prospect of a hard winter in a strange land.

Returning negroes all tell the same story. High wages received counted for little with them, as they were more than offset by the high cost of living in the industrial centers to which they went. Practically all of them return to their old homes penniless, glad to have saved enough from their high wages to purchase transportation back to the land of cotton and sweet potatoes, free quarters and free firewood.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

STANDS OFF A LOT OF DOCTOR BILLS

Recommends Pe-ru-na for Catarrh of the Stomach, Colds and Grippe

"I have used Pe-ru-na for several years and can heartily recommend for catarrh of the stomach or entire system. I always get benefit from it for colds and grippe. It stands off lots of doctor bills and makes one feel like a new person." R. F. SUTTLES, R. F. D. No. 8, Waynesburg, Kentucky.

It is wise to keep a bottle of Pe-ru-na in the house for emergencies. Coughs and colds may usually be relieved by few doses of Pe-ru-na taken in time. Nasal catarrh, indigestion, constipation, diarrhoea, rheumatism or other troubles due to a catarrhal condition of the mucous membranes all call for Pe-ru-na as the successful treatment. The health building, strength restoring qualities of this well known remedy are especially marked after a protracted sickness, the grippe or Spanish Flu.

PE-RU-NA is justly proud of its record of fifty years as health protector for the whole family.

TABLETS OR LIQUID

SOLD EVERYWHERE

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulence, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years

The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

BARK ON TREES NOT WOOD

Bark on trees and shrubs corresponds with skin on animals. But it has other uses which the skin hasn't.

Bark isn't wood and it isn't formed as wood is formed. It covers the wood and it is generally an easy matter to separate the bark from the wood. Hemp and jute and flax are all bark—the outside covering of certain vegetable growths.

Bark is composed of three layers of tissues. The inside layer conducts food to the plant, and under a magnifying glass is seen to be made up of tiny fibers. Then there is the "green done," as it is called, and this also is fibrous and helps feed the plant. The outside layer is cork and is really dead. That is, these cork cells develop and die immediately, so one really sees only a dead tree when he looks at the bark. The cork of commerce is the bark of a certain kind of tropical tree, but the outer layer of bark of all trees is technically known as cork and the little cells going to make it up are called cork.

DELAWARE THE LOWEST STATE

The average elevation of Delaware is only 60 feet above sea level, according to the United States Geological Survey, less than that of any other highest point, at Centerville, New Castle County, is 440 feet above sea level, higher than the highest points in Florida, Louisiana, and the District of Columbia.

GIRL'S RIFLE SCORES

484 HITS, 500 SHOTS

Majorie Kinder, 15-year old high school girl of Bridgeport, Ohio, is the youngest girl who ever held the national indoor rifle championship.

She hit the target 484 out of 500 times in the recent American Home Ranger Record Match, held at Camp Perry, Ohio.

In the fifty-yard match she scored 91 out of 196; in the 100-yard range, 96 out of 100.

GROWERS TO SEEK EMBARGO ON WOOL

Salt Lake City, Utah, Oct. 16—Wool Growers of the United States are preparing to make a determined effort to secure legislation placing an embargo on foreign wool during

THE BEST SORT OF DETECTIVE

Dorsey Rebo—My father must have been up to all sorts of mischief when he was a boy.

Harold Banks—Why? Dorsey—Because he knows exactly what questions to ask me when he wants to know what I have been doing.

EIGHT MEN HELD FOR COTTON FIRE

Bald Knob, Ark., Oct. 15—Eight farmers arrested yesterday on charges of night riding waived examinations when arraigned today and were bound over to await action of the grand jury.

Seven of the men are said to have admitted they had written letters to cotton gin operators and had posted placards on gins threatening to burn the gin and kill the watchmen unless the gins suspended operations until cotton prices reached 40 cents per pound.

the coming short session of Congress in December, according to announcement today by E. R. Marshall, of Salt Lake, secretary of the National Wool Growers' Association.

At the present time he asserted thousands of tons of domestic wool remain in the store houses of the country, while clothing manufacturers and others are purchasing wool grown in foreign countries at lower prices.

KNEW HIS MASTER'S CRIB

"What shall we say of the former senator?" asked one of the men.

"Oh, just put it down that he was always faithful to his trust."

"And," queried a cynical member of the group, "shall we mention the name of the trust?"

SERUM MAY TAKE PLACE OF KNIFE IN APPENDICITIS

Paris, Oct. 10.—Treatment of appendicitis by antiseptic serum instead of by operation has been tested with such satisfactory results that it is likely operations as a cure soon will be abandoned. Prof. Pierre Delbert said in a paper read today before the Congress of Surgery. According to Professor Delbert the tests have extended over a period of 13 years.

WARREN G. HARDING Your Kind of Man and—



The Next President of the United States

The Next President.

As certain as anything can be, in this world, is the election of Senator Harding.

To readers of this newspaper, the many family groups to which it comes a regular welcome visitor, Senator Harding's face shines as that of a friend.

Senator Harding, your next President, is your kind of man. You see him, hear a few words, and you know it.

He was born in a small town, has lived there all his life, lives there now, and will live there again when he leaves the White House with his work for the country done.

How He Lives.

He lives as you live, simply, in the old fashioned American way.

The main residence street in any little American town, boasts half a dozen homes more elaborate than Senator Harding's, and many as good.

Millions of men, believing in this country, devoted to its government, SATISFIED with the UNITED STATES, believe that the United States is able to deal with its own problems, and settle its own questions free from outside assistance or interference.

Those millions of men are men of the same sort as Senator Harding.

What Kind of Man.

Harding is a big American in physical size, thanks to vigorous farming ancestors. He is a big American also in heart, in understanding, in sympathy and in simplicity.

You read his speeches and know that he does not imagine himself created to tell all the world what to do. He believes in, and he understands the American people, his friends, the citizens of his own little town, Marion, Ohio, and the dwellers in thousands of other towns like it.

Your Servant, No Autocrat.

After you have elected him, you will find in Senator Harding an earnest, conscientious, straight thinking servant of the people, not an autocrat, but a man respecting the traditions of American government, and the Constitution of the United States.

Senator Harding understands that the people will elect him to be President of the United States, not President of the whole world. He will know that he is employed by the PEOPLE of this country to look after the interests of THIS country.

Born on a farm, living all his life close to farmers, he knows and sympathizes with the problems of the farm. Living in the average American way, in the average American small town, he knows the problems of the average American. He understands the printers he employs, and he knows their trade and sets type as they do.

His Ambition.

Senator Harding has no ambition to be called a political superman, or RULER of America. It is his ambition to be known as a good American, a faithful servant of those that trust him.

National politics are discussed this year less than at any election since the republic was founded. Why? Because men do not discuss, to any great extent, that which is DEFINITELY SETTLED.

And this national election is definitely settled as you read this. YOU know it.

But it is important that demonstration of the popular will should be of the most overwhelming kind. Therefore the good citizen will do what he can to increase the vote for Harding, should there be any doubtful votes within reach of his voice.

It is almost ludicrously difficult to find a man or woman that intends to vote the Democratic ticket this year.

But if you do find one, show him or her this picture of the next President. And express in your own way the reasons that inspire you to approve and vote for him.

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE

STATEMENT

Of the ownership, management, circulation, etc., required by the act of Congress of August 24, 1912, of the Hartford Republican, published weekly at Hartford, Kentucky, for October, 1920.
State of Kentucky.)
ss.
County of Ohio.)
Before me, a Notary Public in and for the State and county aforesaid, personally appeared W. S. Tinsley, who, having been duly sworn according to law, deposes and says that he is the Editor and manager of the Hartford Republican and that the following is, to the best of his knowledge and belief, a true statement of the ownership, management (and if a daily paper, the circulation) etc., of the aforesaid publication for the date shown in the above caption, required by the Act of August 24, 1912, embodied in section 443, Postal Laws and Regulations, printed on the reverse of this form, to wit:

1. That the names and addresses of the publisher, editor, managing editor, and business managers are:

Publisher, Hartford Printing Co., (Incorporated), Hartford, Ky.
Editor, W. S. Tinsley, Hartford, Ky.

Managing editor, Same.
Business Managers, Same.

2. That the owners are Hartford Printing Co., (Incorporated), W. C. Blenkenship, S. A. Bratcher, E. S. Howard, W. H. Baize, C. O. Hunter, E. G. Barrass, Jno. A. Johnson, T. H. Black, M. L. Heavrin, Mack Cook, W. S. Tinsley, A. D. Kirk, Worth Tichenor, C. E. Smith, all of Hartford, Ky.; Z. Harrel, Rockport, Ky.; C. M. Taylor, Beaver Dam, Ky.; C. E. Crowder, Horton; I. S. Mason, Route 3 Hartford, Ky.

3. That the known bondholders, mortgages, and other security holders owning or holding 1 per cent or more of total amount of bonds, mortgages, or other securities are: The Bank of Hartford, Hartford, Ky.

4. That the two paragraphs next above, giving the names of the owners, stockholders, and security holders, if any, contain not only the list of stockholders and security holders as they appear upon the books of the company, but also in cases where the stockholder or security holder appears upon the books of the company as trustee or in any other fiduciary relation, the name of the person or corporation for whom such trustee is acting, is given; also that the said two paragraphs contain statements embracing affiant's full knowledge and belief as to the circumstances and conditions under which stockholders and security holders who do not appear upon the books of the company as trustees, hold stock and securities in a capacity other than that of a bona fide owner; and this affiant has no reason to believe that any other person, association, or corporation has any interest direct or indirect in the said stock, bonds, or other securities than as so stated by him.

W. S. TINSLEY,
Sworn to and subscribed before me this 19 day of October, 1920.
R. R. FILEY, N. P. O. C.
My commission expires January 15, 1922.

PROGRAM.

Of Ohio County Baptist Sunday School Convention, meeting with Green River Baptist Church, near Cromwell, Ky., Oct. 30-31.

Saturday Night, 30th.
6:00 Devotional Exercises.

6:30 Duty of Deacons to their Church—Rev. Albert Maddox, Rev. R. E. Fugua.

7:30 Duty of Pastors to their Churches—J. J. Stewart, L. D. Eidsom, Rev. R. L. Brandenburg.

8:30 Announcements and adjournment.

Sunday Morning, 31st.
9:00 Devotional Exercises.
9:15 Business Session.
9:30 Singing by Cromwell Class.
9:45 Sunday School Hour.
10:45 Singing—Cromwell Class.
11:00 Sermon—Rev. R. E. Bookner.

Sunday Afternoon
1:00 Devotional Exercises.
1:15 What I owe to my Pastor—Roscoe James, A. M. Smith.
1:45 Singing, etc.
2:00 How to maintain an evergreen Sunday School—W. M. Fair, Rev. Russell Walker.
2:30 How to get the old people interested in Sunday School—Rev. R. L. Brandenburg, Rev. M. G. Snell.
3:00 Business, Final.
BIRCH SHIELDS,
L. D. EIDSON,
WARREN SHIELDS,
Committee

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.
To the Taxpayers of East and West Beaver Dam precincts:
I or one of my deputies will be at Beaver Dam, Saturday October 23, for the purpose of assessing the taxpayers of said precincts. Please meet us promptly.
D. E. WARD, Tax Comr. O. C.

Your Clothes Problems

No doubt are giving you some concern. You have begun to take an inventory of your last year's left overs. You know now if you have a new suit or overcoat for winter.

We want to remind you that we are well prepared to take care of your needs in suits or overcoats.

The swell new styles and fabrics for the young man who wants to always look his best.

The conservative models and patterns that are especially adapted to the middle aged who are interested in neat appearance and long service.

MOTHERS—Our suits for the boys are of the newest models, combined with good fabrics and tailoring that will stand the rough use our young Americans will give them.

The price on every Suit or Overcoat is on a par with the quality.

Men's Suits \$25.00 to \$50.00.

Men's Overcoats \$15.00 to \$45.00.

Boys' Suits \$10.00 to \$20.00.

Our New Hats, Shoes, Shirts And Underwear

are all in harmony with our suits. It's an easy matter to get everything you need here. A look costs you nothing, and we love to show them. Come in and see for yourself.

E. P. BARNES & BRO.

Beaver Dam, Ky.